



The University of Georgia®

Department of Statistics



# Subsampling in Large Graphs Using Ricci Curvature



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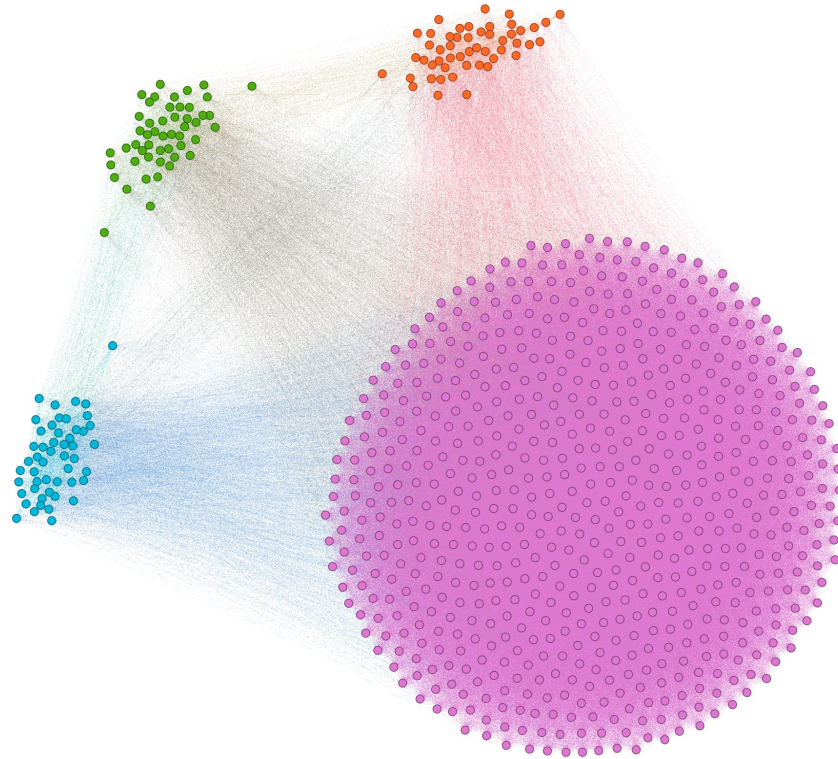
Ping Ma



Wenxuan Zhong

# Challenges

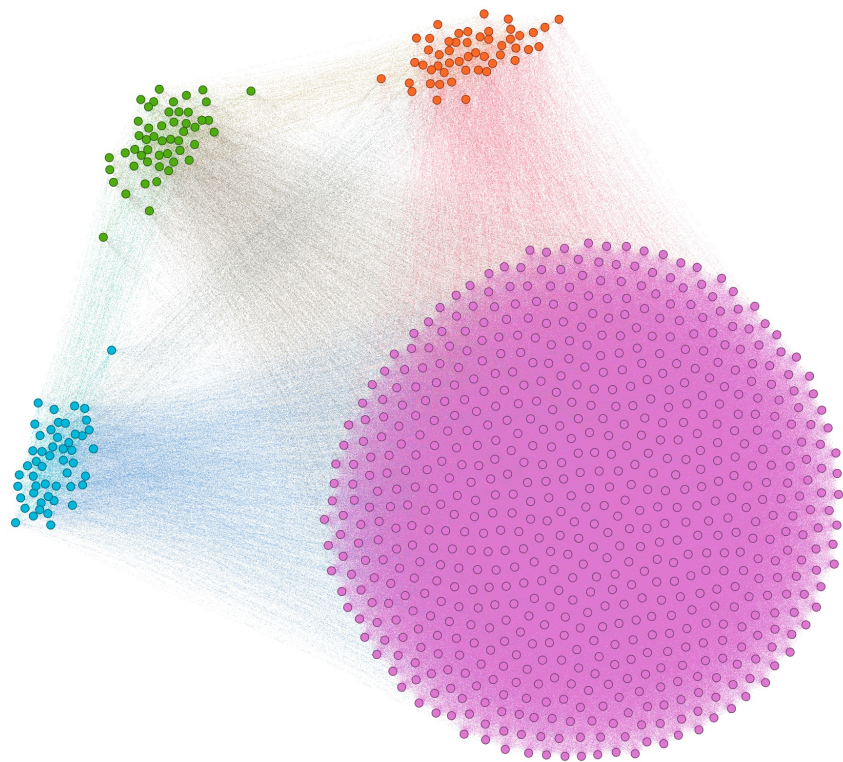
How to tackle **huge** networks?



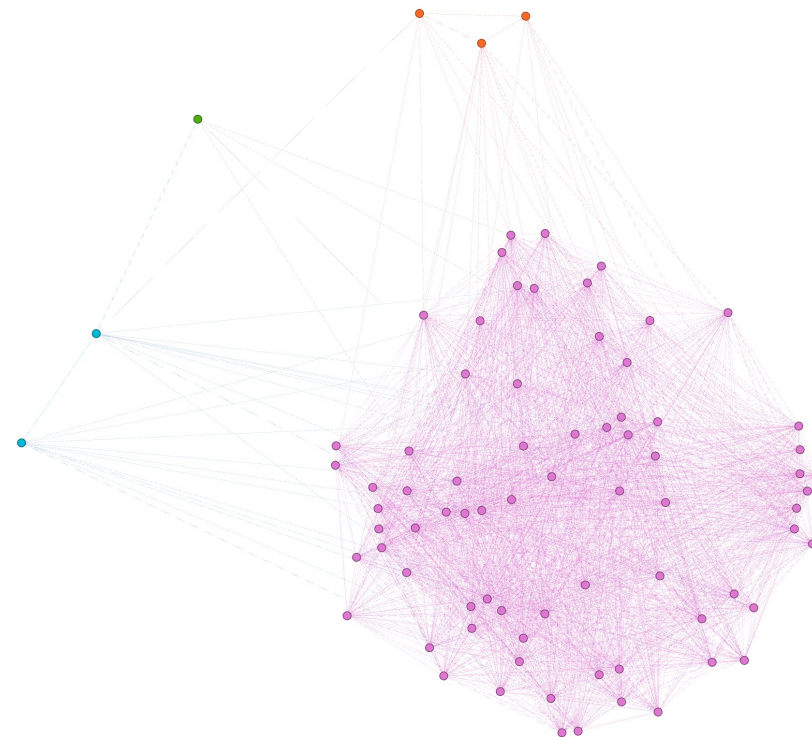
Computational  
cost of network  
cross validation:

$$O(n^3)$$

# Solution

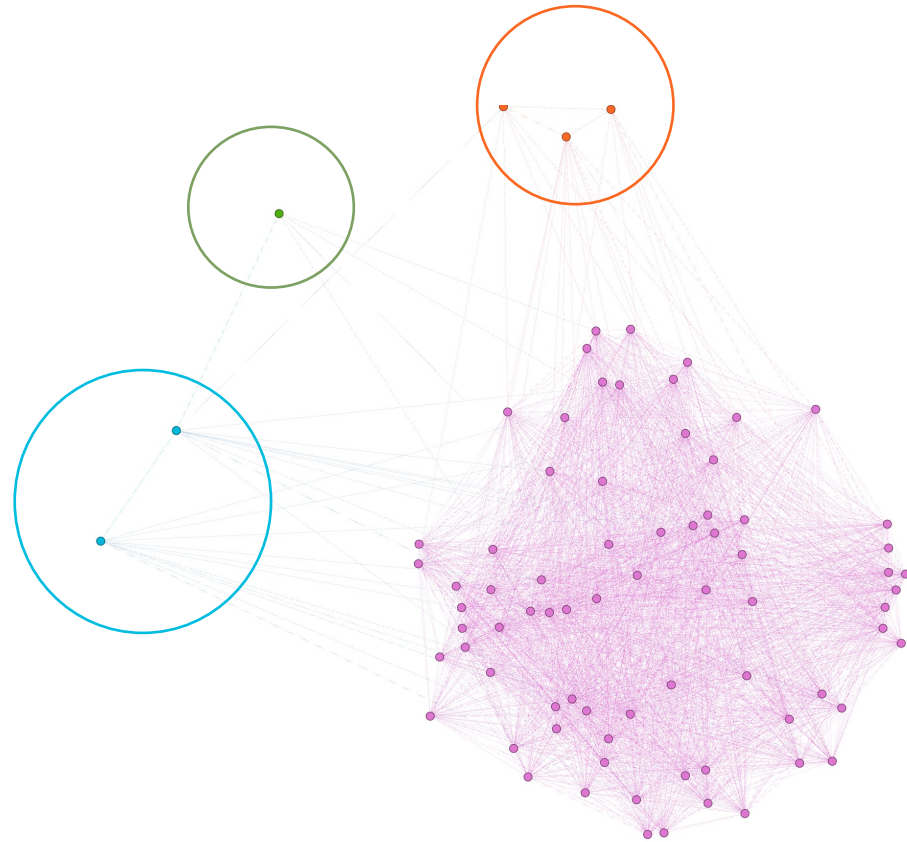


Subsampling!



# Related Work

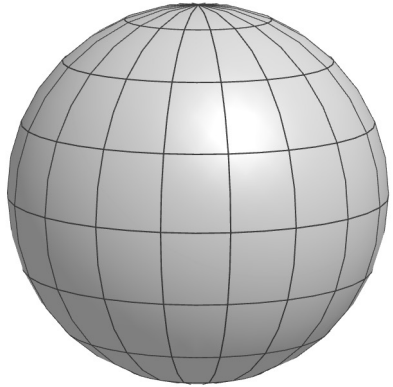
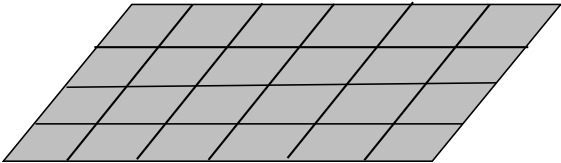
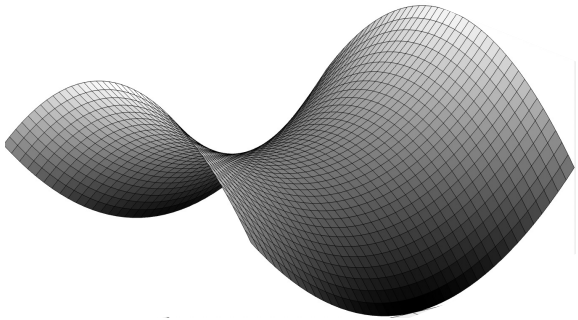
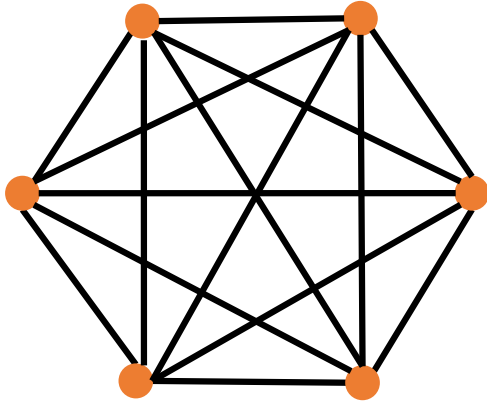
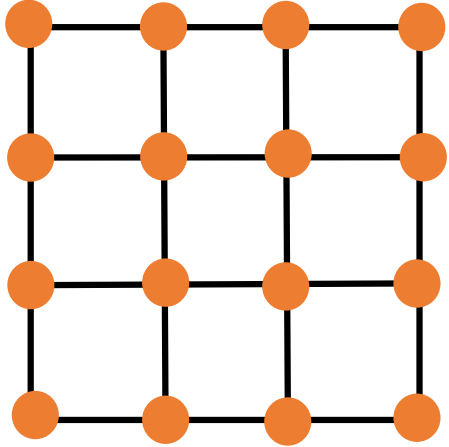
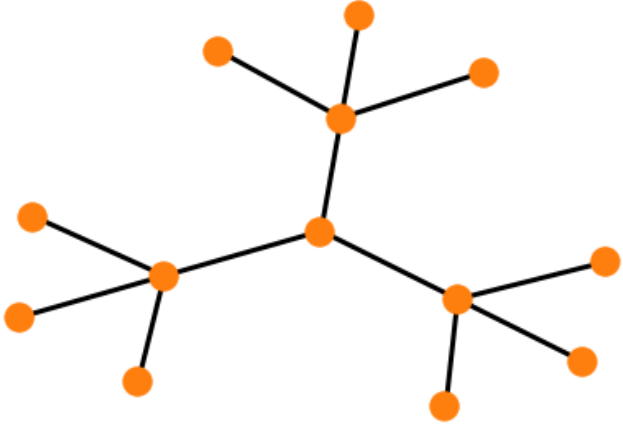
- Node sampling
- Edge sampling
- Exploration sampling



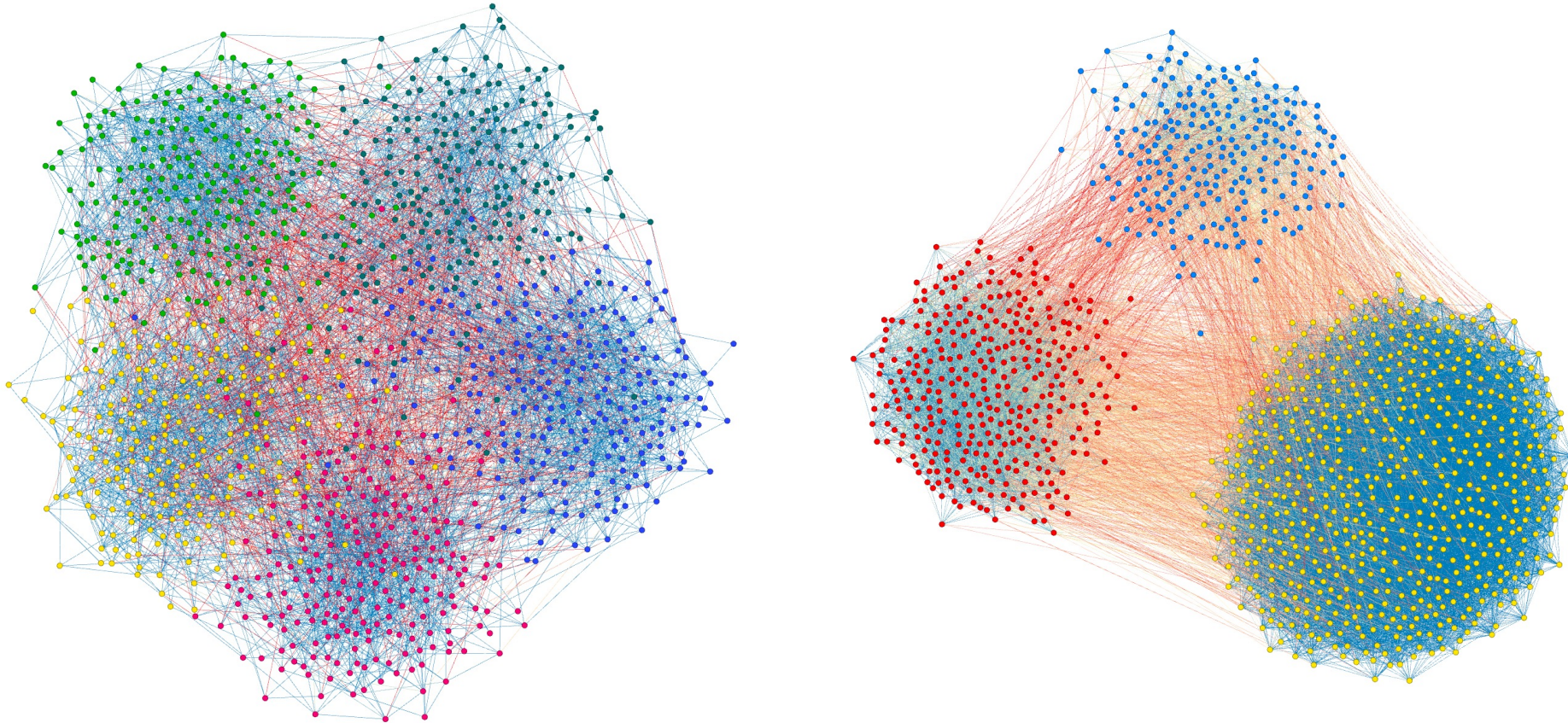
Underestimate  $K$  !

**How to exploit community  
information?**

# Underling Manifold of Graphs

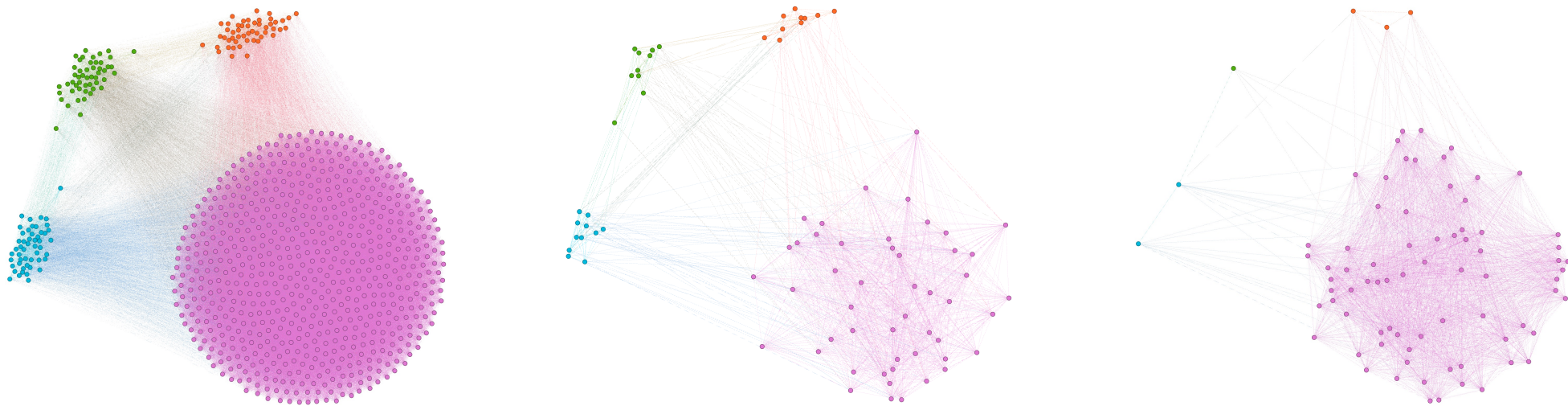


# Ollivier Ricci (OR) Curvature



# OR Curvature Gradient-based (ORG) Graph Subsampling

$$(x^{(i+1)}, y^{(i+1)}) = \operatorname{argmax}_{(x,y) \in \Delta((x^{(i)}, y^{(i)}))} |\kappa(x, y), \kappa(x^{(i+1)}, y^{(i+1)})|$$



Given arbitrary community  $B_i$ , we have:

$$P(\exists v_{RW} \in G_{RW}[S]: v_{RW} \in B_i) < P(\exists v_{ORG} \in G_{ORG}[S]: v_{ORG} \in B_i)$$

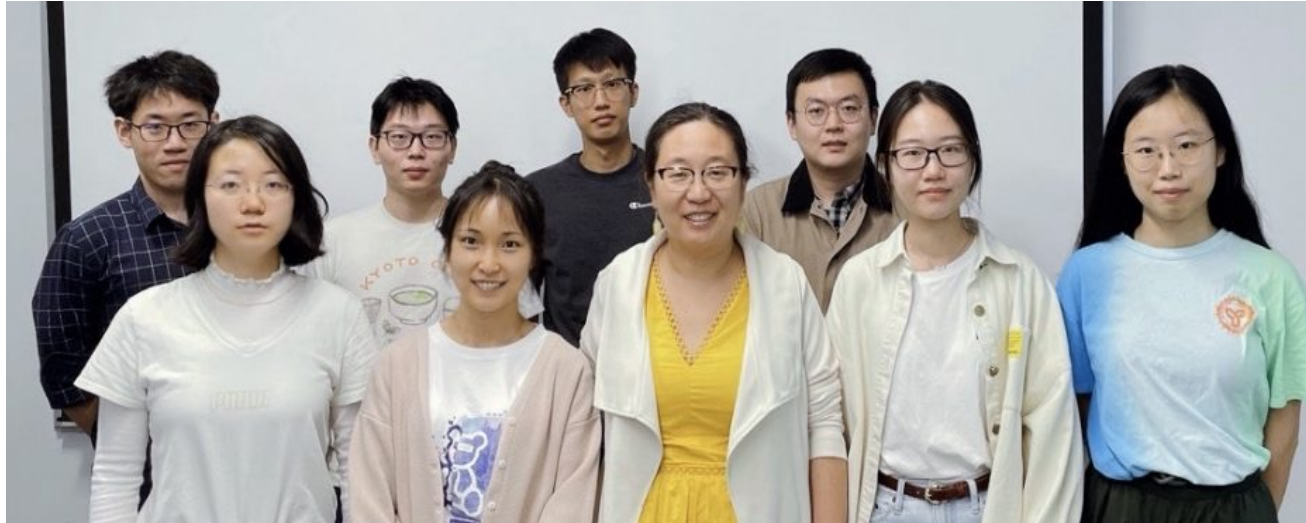


# Experiment Results

Dataset	Prop.	ORG-sub	MHRW	CSE	FFS	Snowball	RW	MDRW
Polbooks (T: 1.88 s)	10%	<b>0.00</b> (T: 0.10 s)	1.20	0.62	2.68	0.48	0.33	0.00
Polblogs (T: 48.6 s)	5%	<b>0.00</b> (T: 0.23 s)	1.87	0.90	2.00	0.43	1.03	0.30
PubMed (T: NA)	2%	<b>0.00</b> (T: 4.42 s)	0.30	0.80	0.40	0.20	1.20	1.80

Time of estimation of  $M$  is the much lower than full sample!  
Error of estimation of  $M$  is the lowest!

# Acknowledgement



<https://github.com/SavannahWu99/Graph-Subsampling>



big data analytics Lab

