



Exploring the Common Appearance-Boundary Adaptation for Nighttime Optical Flow

Hanyu Zhou¹, Yi Chang^{1*}, Haoyue Liu¹, Wending Yan², Yuxing Duan¹, Zhiwei Shi¹, Luxin Yan¹

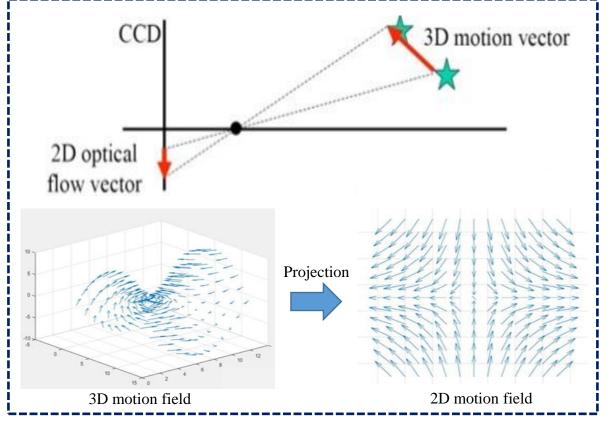
¹ Huazhong University of Science and Technology ² Huawei International Co. Ltd.

ICLR 2024

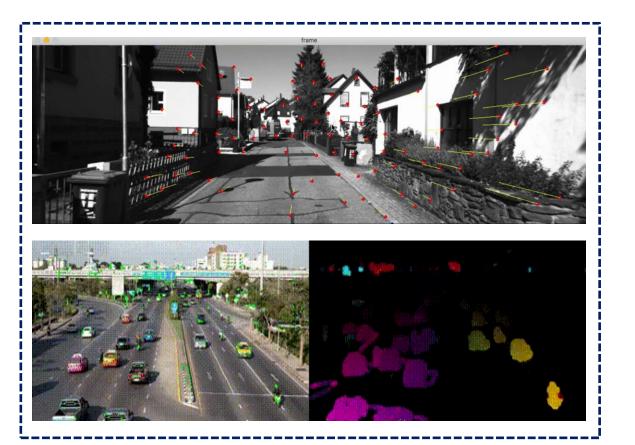


Optical Flow: Motion Estimation Tool









Optical Flow Visualization

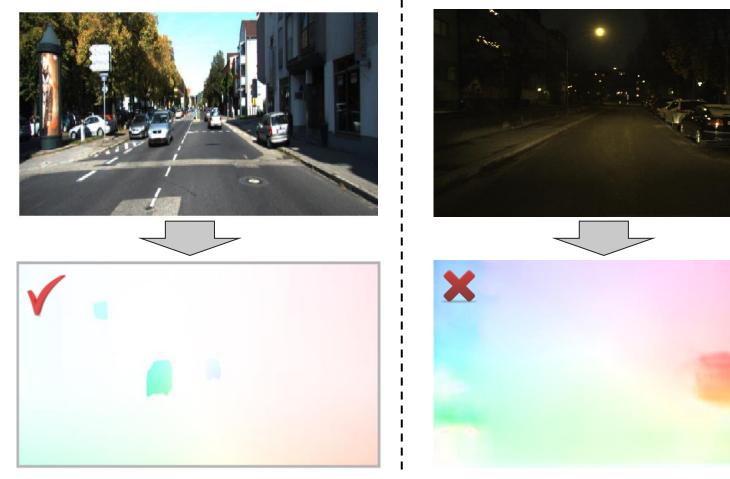


Problem

Nighttime Scene



Clean Scene



Enhanced Nighttime Scene



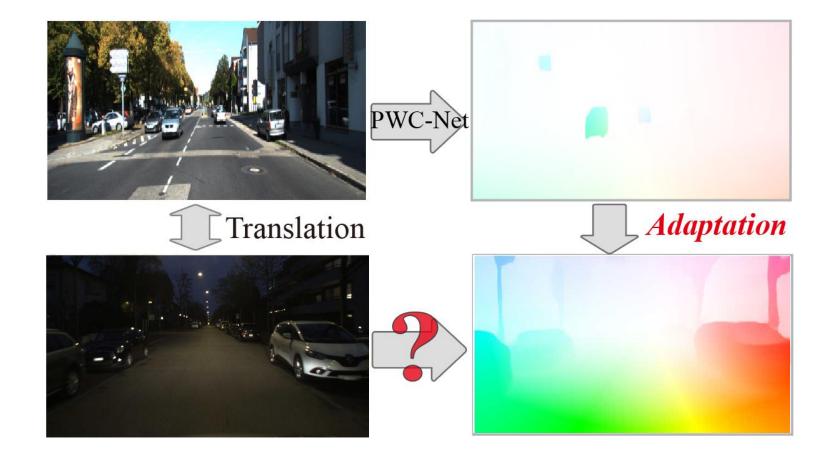


Optical flow suffers degradation under nighttime scenes



Domain Adaptation



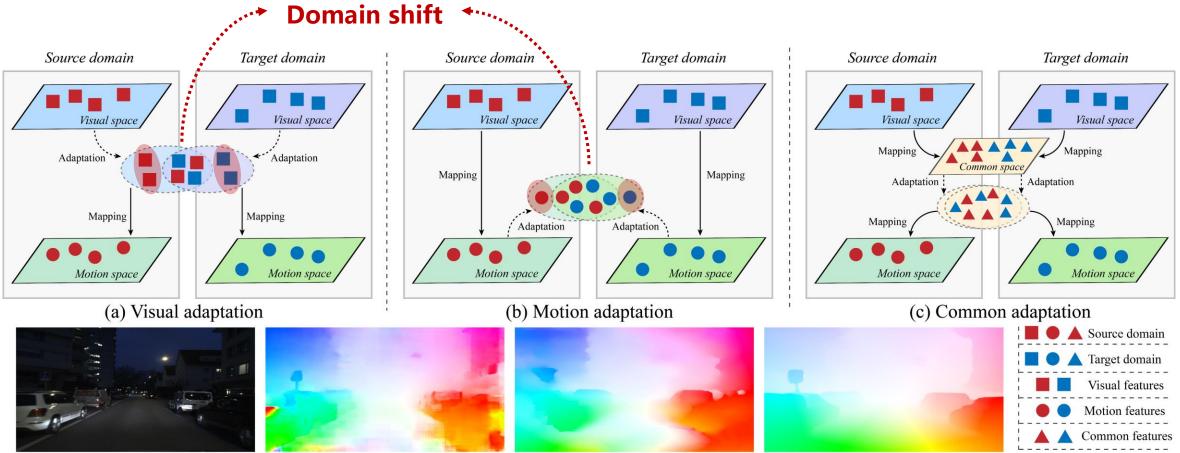


□ Solution: Transfer the knowledge from source clean domain to target nighttime domain.



Adaptation Paradigms on Optical Flow





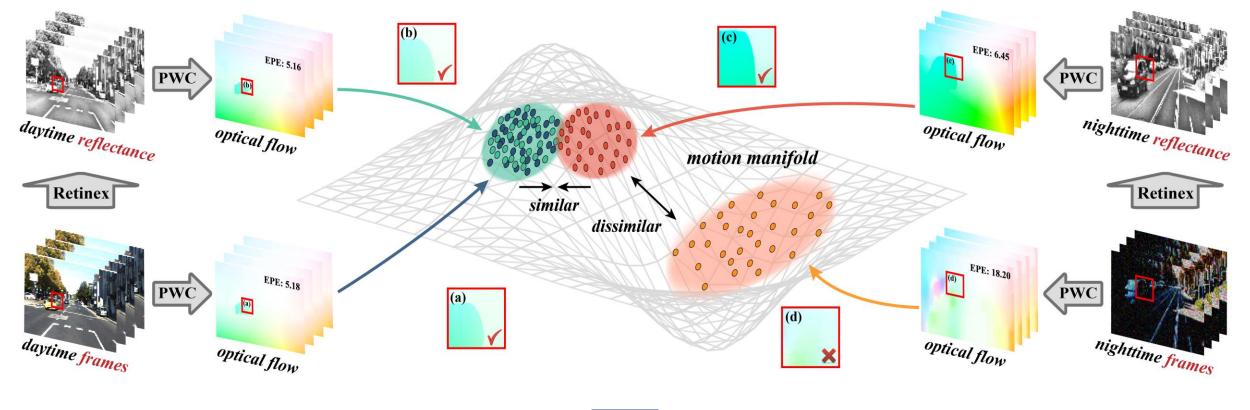
(d) Optical flows estimated by (a) (b) (c)

Exploring a common space to reinforce feature distribution alignment



Common space: Reflectance Space





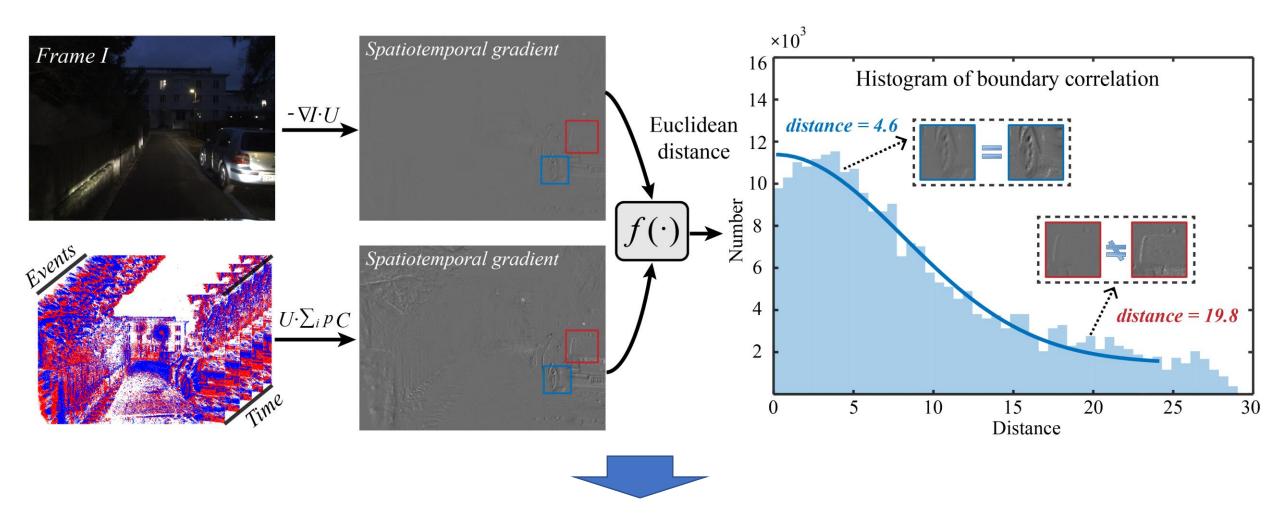


Motion distributions of daytime/nighttime reflectance are similar



Common space: Boundary Space



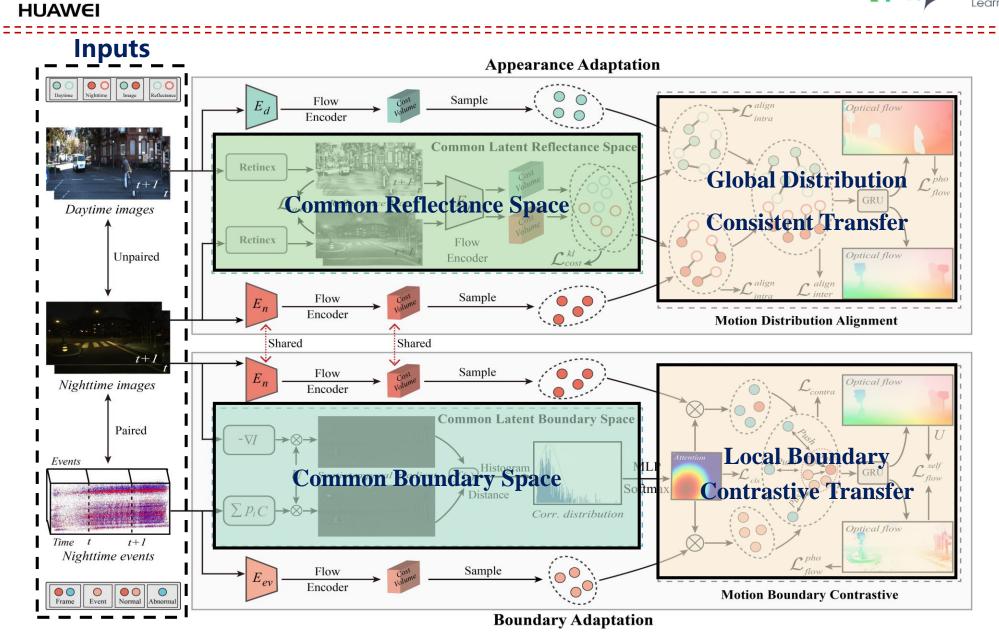


Correlation discrepancy makes up boundary similarity of frame/event domains

Appearance-Boundary Motion Adaptation

總厚学 术是(



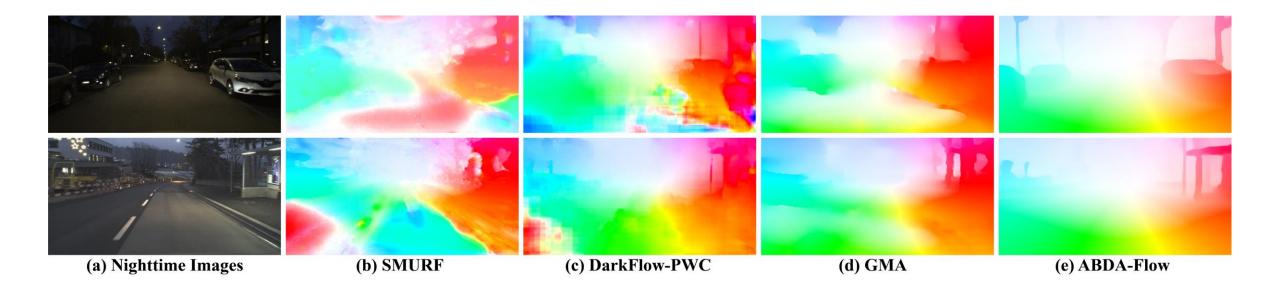




Comparison on Synthetic/Real datasets



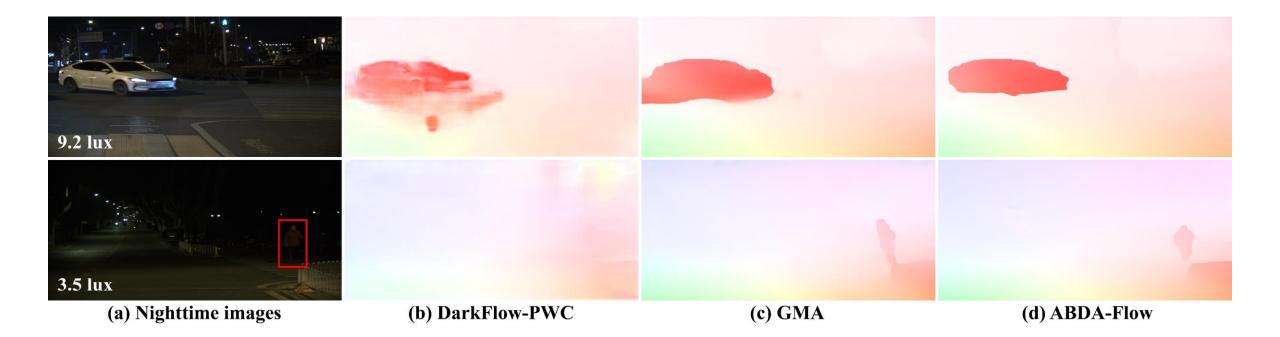
Method		DarkFlow-PWC	Selflow			SMURF			ABDA
			_	(KinD++) +	AGLLNet +	_	(KinD++) +	AGLLNet +	ADDA
D-KITTI	EPE	7.56	14.22	12.58	11.70	11.36	10.03	8.42	3.47
	Fl-all	35.75%	55.87%	48.69%	46.31%	45.88%	44.65%	39.25%	16.13%
ND-KITTI	EPE	8.56	18.01	16.75	14.54	13.40	11.95	10.26	4.35
	Fl-all	41.28%	65.43%	59.55%	55.26%	54.21%	45.91%	45.60%	23.86%





Comparison on Unseen Nighttime Scenes





ABDA-Flow could generalize well for various illumination







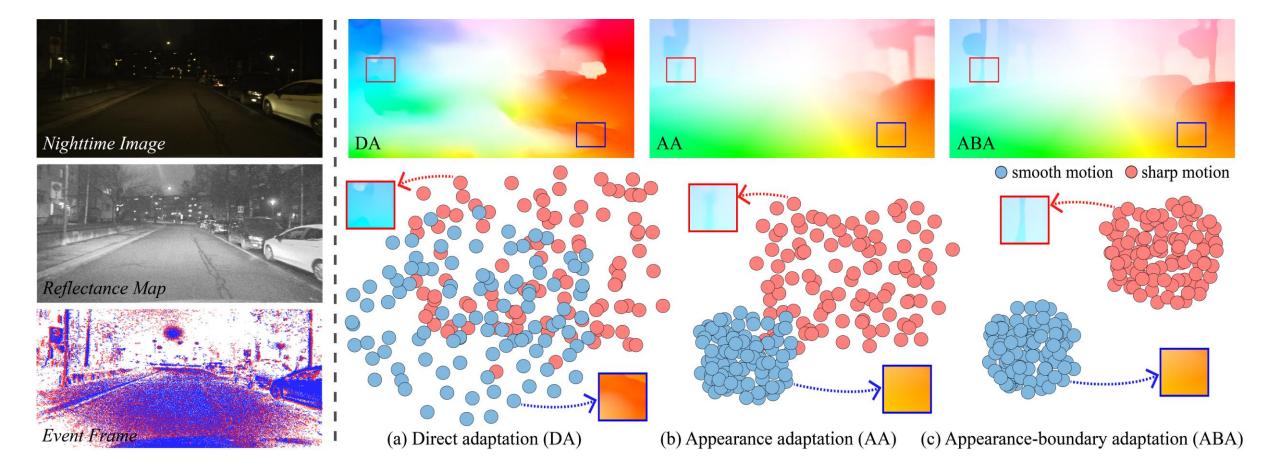
Nighttime images

DarkFlow

ABDA-Flow (Ours)







Common adaptation transfers global and local motion







Table 3: Discussion oneffect of common space.

Strategy	EPE
w/o motion/reflect./bound.	1.51
w/ motion, w/o reflect./bound.	1.09
w/ motion/reflect., w/o bound.	0.87
w/ motion/bound., w/o reflect.	0.95
	0.74

Table 4: Ablation study onadaptation losses.

$\mathcal{L}_{intra}^{align}$	$\mathcal{L}_{inter}^{align}$,	\mathcal{L}_{contra}	$\mathcal{L}^{self}_{flou}$, EPE
×	×	×	×	1.45
\checkmark	×	\times	×	1.24
		×	\times	1.05
			\times	0.85
			\checkmark	0.74

Table 5: Discussion on training data and optical flow backbone.

,	Fraining data	Method	EPE
-	daytime,	CycleGAN + our baseline	1.41
	nighttime	Our appearance adaptation	0.87
-	daytime,	CycleGAN + our baseline + E-RAFT	1.33
	nighttime,	Ours w/ CNN backbone	0.77
	event	Ours w/ Transformer backbone	0.74





Thanks