



Training-free LLM-generated Text Detection by Mining Token Probability Sequences

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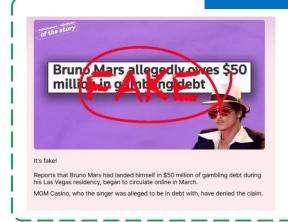
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Background



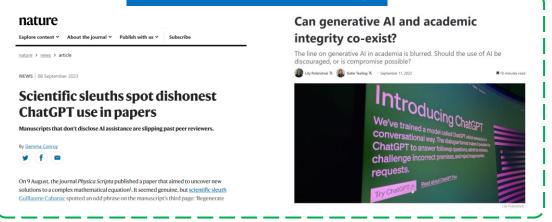
The increasing sophistication of LLMs has raised serious concerns about their potential misuse.

Fake News





Academic Dishonesty



Data Privacy





Model Collapse

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llia Shumailov ≅, Zakhar Shumaylov ≅, Yiren Zhao, Nicolas Papernot, Ross Anderson & Yarin Gal ⊠	LLM GENERATIVE AI MODEL COLLAPSE
Nature 631, 755-759 (2024) Cite this article 408k Accesses 68 Citations 3085 Altmetric Metrics	

How to detect LLM-generated text?





There are three main methods to detect LLM-generated text:

- 1. Training-free (main focus):
 - Sample-based: Likelihood, Rank, Entropy, DetectLRR.
 - Distribution-based : DetectGPT, DNA-GPT, Fast-DetectGPT.
- 2. Training-based:

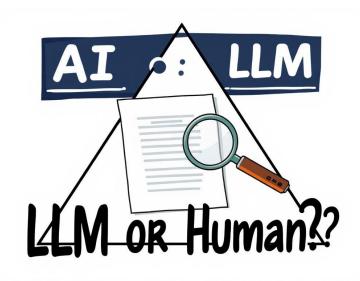


- RoBERTa, SeqXGPT, RADAR, MPU, ReMoDetect.
- Some *commercial detectors* like GPTZero.
- 3. Watermarking



Advantages of training-free methods:

- decent performance
- simple deployment
- strong generalization

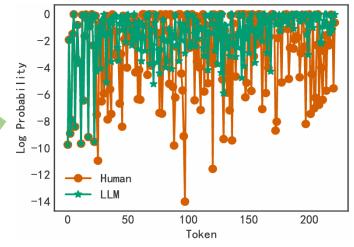


Motivation

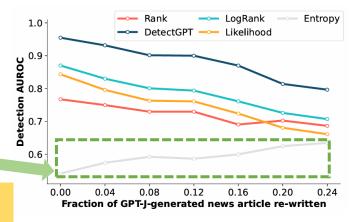


Our observations:

- 1. The token probability sequences (TPS) of human-written text and LLM-generated text exhibit significant differences in their fluctuations.
- 2. Mining the *local dynamic patterns* of TPS is evidently promising for enhancing detection performance (previous detectors based on *global static patterns* neglected it).
- 3. According to DetectGPT, the *entropy* method demonstrates a particularly distinctive performance in countering paraphrasing attacks.



An illustration example comparing the fluctuations of *token probability sequence* (TPS) between human-written and LLM-generated texts (with OPT-2.7).



From the original paper of DetectGPT (Figure 5)

Dynamic Complexity Modeling Using Entropy-Based Time Series Analysis!

A novel training-free detector: Lastde

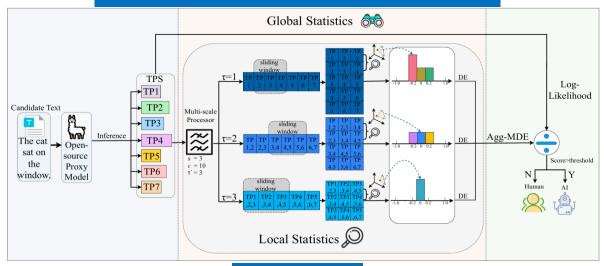




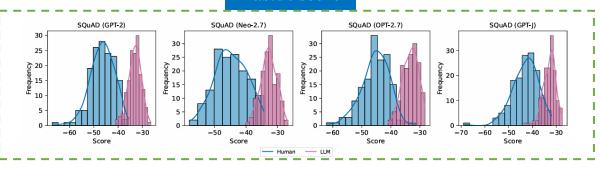
- Applying multi-scale diversity entropy (MDE, a 1-dim *time series analysis* method) to extract the temporal dynamics of TPS and further developing the *local* statistic called **Agg-MDE**.
- Combining with the classic *global* statistic **Log-Likelihood**.

Key formulae $DE(s, \varepsilon, \tau) = -\frac{1}{\ln \varepsilon} \sum_{i=1}^{\varepsilon} P_i^{(\tau)} \ln P_i^{(\tau)}, \quad P_i^{(\tau)} > 0.$ XSum(Llama3-8) SQuAD(BLOOM-7.1) WritingPrompts(GPT4-Turbo) 0.50 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 101112131415 Reddit(Gemma-7) ZhihuEconomy(Qwen1.5-7) WMT16GER(mGPT) 0.50 0.50 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 101112131415 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 101112131415 $Lastde(\boldsymbol{t}, \theta) = \frac{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \log p_{\theta}(t_i | t_{< i})}{Agg((DE(s, \varepsilon, 1), ..., DE(s, \varepsilon, \tau')))},$

Overview of the Lastde detection framework



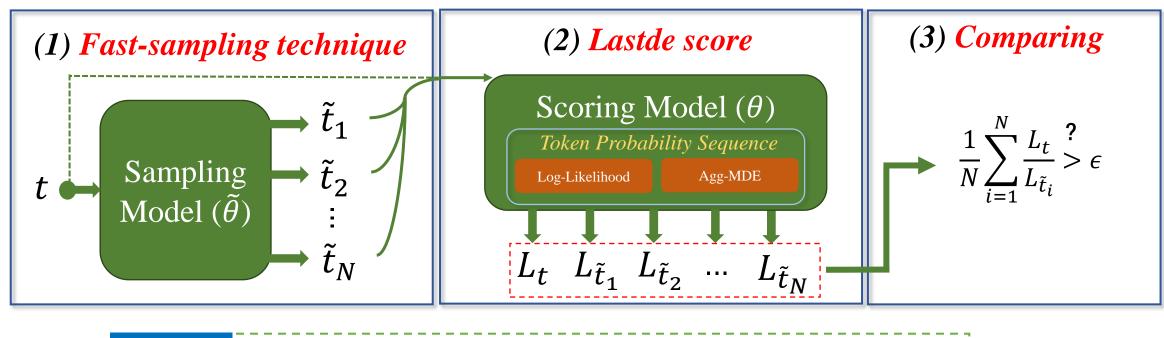
Lastde score

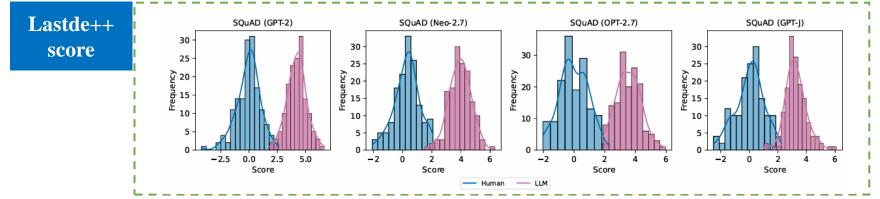


Fast-sampling variant: Lastde++



Following the *fast-sampling technique* of Fast-DetectGPT, we can obtain a more powerful variant: Lastde++.





Main results



• 2 conventional scenarios :

- White box
- Black box
- 4 different domains :
 - XSum
 - SQuAD
 - WritingPrompts
 - Reddit
- 12 open-source models :
 - GPT-2
 - ...
 - Phi2-2.7
- 3 closed-source models:
 - GPT-4-Turbo
 - GPT-4o
 - Claude3-haiku

White box

Methods/Models	GPT-2	Neo-2.7	OPT-2.7	GPT-J	Llama-13	Llama2-13	Llama3-8	OPT-13	BLOOM-7.1	Falcon-7	Gemma-7	Phi2-2.7	Avg.
Sample-based Methods													
Likelihood	91.65	89.40	88.08	84.95	63.66	65.36	98.35	84.45	88.00	76.78	70.14	89.67	82.54
LogRank	94.31	92.87	90.99	88.68	68.87	70.27	99.04	87.74	92.42	81.32	74.81	92.13	86.12
Entropy	52.15	51.72	50.46	54.31	64.18	61.05	23.30	54.30	62.67	59.33	66.47	44.09	53.67
DetectLRR	96.67	96.07	93.13	92.24	81.40	80.89	98.94	91.03	96.35	87.45	81.36	94.10	90.80
Lastde	98.41	98.64	98.15	97.24	88.98	88.40	99.71	96.47	99.35	95.49	91.85	96.99	95.89
(Diff)	1.74	2.57	5.02	5.00	8.58	7.51	0.77	5.44	3.00	8.04	10.5	2.89	5.09
					D	istribution-bas	ed Methods						
DetectGPT	93.43	90.40	90.36	83.82	63.78	65.39	70.13	85.05	89.28	77.98	68.96	89.55	80.68
DetectNPR	95.77	94.77	93.24	88.86	68.60	69.83	95.55	89.78	94.95	83.06	74.74	93.06	86.85
DNA-GPT	89.92	86.80	86.79	82.21	62.28	64.46	98.07	82.51	86.74	74.04	63.63	88.00	80.45
Fast-DetectGPT	99.57	99.49	98.78	98.95	93.45	93.34	99.91	98.07	99.53	97.74	96.90	98.10	97.82
Lastde++	99.76	99.87	99.46	99.52	96.58	96.67	99.82	98.77	99.84	98.76	98.40	98.76	98.85
(Diff)	0.19	0.38	0.68	0.57	3.13	3.33	-0.09	0.70	0.31	1.02	1.50	0.66	1.03

Black box

Methods/Models	GPT-2	Neo-2.7	OPT-2.7	Llama-13	Llama2-13	Llama3-8	OPT-13	BLOOM-7.1	Falcon-7	Gemma-7	Phi2-2.7	GPT-4-Turbo	Avg.
Sample-based Methods													
Likelihood	65.88	67.09	67.40	65.75	68.61	99.60	68.80	61.80	67.42	69.90	73.93	79.69	71.32
LogRank	70.38	71.17	72.35	70.28	72.67	99.69	73.01	67.51	71.66	72.17	77.99	79.24	74.84
Entropy	61.48	58.65	54.55	49.14	45.18	14.43	53.09	60.84	50.55	48.01	46.58	35.09	48.13
DetectLRR	79.30	79.19	81.25	78.51	78.94	97.35	80.27	79.57	79.87	73.47	83.79	73.85	80.45
Lastde	89.17	90.24	89.70	80.71	79.90	99.67	90.01	88.94	84.36	79.61	88.32	81.33	86.38
(Diff)	9.87	11.1	8.45	2.20	0.96	2.32	9.74	9.37	4.49	6.14	4.53	7.48	6.38
					Di	istribution-bas	sed Method	ls .					
DetectGPT	67.56	69.28	72.03	66.12	67.96	82.90	73.89	61.83	68.69	66.55	72.76	81.73	70.94
DetectNPR	68.07	68.41	73.06	67.83	70.60	96.75	75.13	63.00	70.42	65.72	74.08	79.94	72.75
DNA-GPT	64.15	62.63	63.64	60.77	66.71	99.47	65.75	62.01	65.08	62.59	72.02	70.75	67.97
Fast-DetectGPT	89.82	88.75	86.52	77.58	77.62	99.43	86.16	84.55	81.42	81.49	86.67	88.18	85.68
Lastde++	94.93	95.28	94.13	85.00	85.80	99.03	93.37	92.22	89.49	87.58	92.67	88.21	91.47
(Diff)	5.11	6.53	7.62	7.42	8.18	-0.40	7.21	7.67	8.07	6.09	6.00	0.03	5.80

Black box

Methods SourceModels	→	GPT-4-Tur	bo			GPT-40				Claude-3-haiku			
↓ Datasets -	→ XSum	WritingPrompts	Reddit	Avg.	XSum	WritingPrompts	Reddit	Avg.	XSum	WritingPrompts	Reddit	Avg.	
Likelihood	60.44	81.48	97.15	79.69	75.42	84.90	97.74	86.02	96.84	98.38	99.92	98.38	
LogRank	61.52	79.03	97.16	79.24	73.85	82.32	97.74	84.64	97.09	98.71	99.96	98.59	
Entropy	61.24	35.56	08.48	35.09	47.50	31.60	09.74	29.61	38.90	17.69	06.56	21.05	
DetectLRR	61.71	66.75	93.10	73.85	62.87	69.06	93.75	75.23	95.78	97.96	99.56	97.77	
Lastde(Std)	64.16	83.09	96.74	81.33	73.87	86.20	97.74	85.94	97.44	99.40	99.92	98.92	
				Agg	gregation	function							
Fast-DetectGPT	80.79	89.88	93.87	88.18	86.87	93.77	97.93	92.86	99.93	99.99	99.96	99.96	
Lastde++(2-Norm)	76.91	87.39	93.61	85.97	85.74	92.96	97.52	92.07	⁻ 99.95	99.99	99.96	99.97	
Lastde++(Range)	82.67	86.37	91.72	86.92	85.96	91.34	96.57	91.29	99.84	99.99	99.95	99.93	
Lastde++(Std)	83.12	88.50	93.00	88.21	86.47	93.41	96.98	92.29	99.92	99.96	99.89	99.92	
Lastde++(ExpRange)	82.40	89.02	93.70	88.37	87.42	93.60	97.77	92.93	99.96	100.00	99.97	99.98	
Lastde++(ExpStd)	81.55	89.81	93.99	88.45	87.24	94.24	97.94	93.14	99.97	99.99	99.95	99.97	

Main results



- **More datasets:** ReMoDetect and Fast-DetectGPT benchmark datasets.
 - 4 domain: XSum, SQuAD, WritingPrompts and PubMedQA.
 - 6 source models (parameters >= 20B): NeoX-20B, Llama3-70B, GPT-3.5-Turbo, GPT-4, GPT-4-Turbo and Claude-3.
- **More baselines :** Binoculars and GPTZero (commercial, 2024-11-11 base version).

Models	Domains	Likelihood	LogRank	DetectLRR	Fast-DetectGPT	Binoculars	GPTZero	Lastde	Lastde++
	XSum	68.1	69.9	70.6	84.7	54.3	60.1	78.8	88.4
NeoX-20B	SQuAD	64.8	69.3	77.6	85.9	56.6	52.6	86.2	91.8
	WritingPrompts	87.7	89.7	90.7	96.7	66.1	72.4	94.7	97.4
	XSum	96.9	97.4	94.9	99.9	98.7	100	97.2	99.9
Llama3-70B	WritingPrompts	98.2	97.9	93.8	99.9	100	99.8	98.2	99.9
	PubMedQA	84.8	83.5	71.1	90.5	88.7	90.1	85.6	90.7
	XSum	87.8	89.1	87.2	98.3	94.9	100	88.9	98.5
GPT-4-Turbo	WritingPrompts	98.2	98.0	94.4	99.9	99.3	100	98.2	99.8
	PubMedQA	85.8	85.1	74.5	87.8	90.0	87.2	86.4	87.8
	XSum	73.7	73.7	69.8	91.6	78.7	98.2	74.1	91.6
GPT-4	WritingPrompts	87.6	85.5	73.4	97.6	90.7	82.6	87.3	97.4
	PubMedQA	79.6	79.0	69.3	83.7	86.7	84.8	80.4	83.8
	XSum	93.8	94.1	90.9	99.2	99.7	99.5	94.2	99.1
GPT-3.5-Turbo	WritingPrompts	98.1	97.7	93.0	99.7	99.3	92.9	98.2	99.6
	PubMedQA	87.2	86.6	75.8	90.4	93.0	88.0	88.1	90.4
	XSum	91.8	92.6	89.8	96.4	94.0	99.9	92.4	96.4
Claude-3	WritingPrompts	97.0	96.4	88.8	96.1	96.0	99.1	97.0	96.0
	PubMedQA	85.5	84.9	74.8	88.0	88.0	88.0	86.2	87.9
Avg.		87.0	87.2	82.2	93.7	87.5	88.6	89.6	94.2

Complex scenarios



- **2 Complex scenarios :** paraphrasing attack and cross-lingual.
- **3 different languages :** English, German and Chinese.

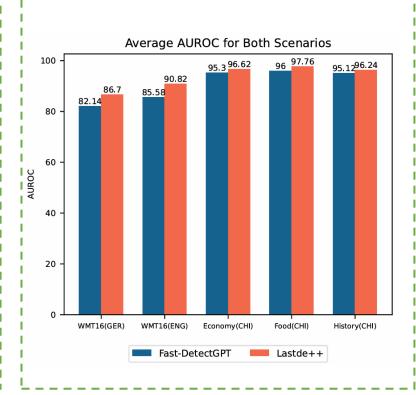
Robustness against paraphrasing attack

			White-bo	X								
Methods/Datasets	XSum(Original)	XSum(Paraphrased)	WritingPrompts(Original)	WritingPrompts(Paraphrased)	Reddit(Original)	Reddit(Paraphrased)						
Llama-13												
Fast-DetectGPT Lastde++	94.80 97.27	81.12 (\(\pm 13.68\) 85.65 (\(\pm 11.62\)	98.35 99.56	95.01 (↓ 3.34) 97.69 (↓ 1.87)	96.84 98.48	91.22 (\(\psi 5.62\) 95.15 (\(\psi 3.33\)						
			OPT-13									
Fast-DetectGPT Lastde++	95.19 96.94	85.43 (↓ 9.76) 88.30 (↓ 8.64)	99.40 99.40	97.46 (↓ 1.94) 97.43 (↓ 1.97)	98.81 99.43	96.61 (↓ 2.20) 98.00 (↓ 1.43)						
			GPT-J									
Fast-DetectGPT Lastde++	98.12 99.04	89.88 (↓ 8.24) 93.87 (↓ 5.17)	99.22 99.75	96.40 (↓ 2.82) 98.41 (↓ 1.34)	98.58 99.38	95.97 (↓ 2.61) 97.85 (↓ 1.53)						

Black-box

Methods/Datasets	XSum(Original)	XSum(Paraphrased)	Writing Prompts (Original)	Writing Prompts (Paraphrased)	Reddit(Original)	Reddit (Paraphrased)					
	Llama-13										
Fast-DetectGPT Lastde++	64.79 72.84	53.91 (↓ 10.88) 61.27 (↓ 11.57)	88.26 94.46	82.09 (↓ 6.17) 90.05 (↓ 4.41)	79.68 87.70	74.05 (\psi 5.63) 81.68 (\psi 6.02)					
			OPT-13								
Fast-DetectGPT Lastde++	84.27 91.76	72.63 (\(\psi 11.64) \) 80.58 (\(\psi 11.18)	89.64 95.25	88.44 (↓ 1.20) 94.24 (↓ 1.01)	84.57 93.09	83.73 (↓ 0.84) 91.27 (↓ 1.82)					
			GPT-4-Turbo								
Fast-DetectGPT Lastde++	80.79 83.12	74.96 (↓ 5.83) 78.44 (↓ 4.68)	89.88 88.50	80.93 (↓ 8.95) 81.32 (↓ 7.18)	93.87 93.00	91.35 (↓ 2.52) 90.74 (↓ 2.26)					

Cross-lingual robustness



Complex scenarios



3 different metrics:

- AUROC
- TPR at 5% FPR
- Accuracy at 5% FPR

2 complex scenarios :

- Datasets for human-style imitation
- Datasets for LLM-LLM mixture text

3 different mixing ratios :

- 50% + 50% (2 source models)
- 80% + 20% (2 source models)
- 25% each one (4 source models)

The average of WritingPrompts (GPT-4-turbo-0409, GPT-4o-08-06)

	Likelihood	LogRank	DetectLRR	Lastde	Fast-DetectGPT	Lastde++
AUROC	87.37	85.60	74.94	87.68	96.49	96.49
TPR at 5% FPR	30.00	30.67	24.34	29.33	82.67	85.36
Accuracy at 5% FPR	62.50	62.83	59.67	63.34	88.84	90.17

Three metrics on LLM-LLM mixture text datasets

Table 17: AUROC on LLM-LLM mixture text

Mixing ratio	Source Models	Likelihood	LogRank	DetectLRR	Lastde	Fast-DetectGPT	Lastde++
50%+50%	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B) (BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	81.48 78.80	84.81 82.56	87.99 87.47	91.88 94.95	85.21 88.59	92.48 95.65
80%+20%	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B) (BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	80.44 76.98	82.97 81.52	85.45 52.91	89.13 96.38	86.73 92.05	92.64 96.57
25% each	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B, BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	82.33	86.34	88.02	94.44	86.02	93.32

Table 18: TPR at 5% FPR on LLM-LLM mixture text

Mixing ratio	Source Models	Likelihood	LogRank	DetectLRR	Lastde	Fast-DetectGPT	Lastde++
50%+50%	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B) (BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	29.33 16.00	36.00 30.00	40.00 34.67	65.33 76.00	46.67 39.33	68.00 70.67
80%+20%	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B) (BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	24.67 16.67	28.67 27.67	38.67 35.33	58.67 59.67	41.33 49.33	69.33 83.33
25% each	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B, BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	22.00	40.67	46.67	81.33	40.67	73.33

Table 19: Accuracy at 5% FPR on LLM-LLM mixture text

Mixing ratio	Source Models	Likelihood	LogRank	DetectLRR	Lastde	Fast-DetectGPT	Lastde++
50%+50%	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B)	62.17	65.50	67.50	80.17	70.83	81.50
	(BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	55.55	62.50	64.83	85.50	67.17	82.83
80%+20%	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B)	59.83	61.83	66.83	76.83	68.17	82.17
	(BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	55.83	58.83	69.83	87.83	77.17	89.17
25% each	(Llama2-13B, OPT-13B, BLOOM-7B, Falcon-7B)	58.50	67.83	70.50	88.17	67.83	84.17

Conclusion



Main contributions:

- Lastde (and Lastde++), a novel and effective method for LLM-generated text detection.
- Mining token probability sequences (temporal dynamics) from a time series analysis viewpoint.
- Integrating *local* and *global statistics* for more robust detection.

Advantages:

- state-of-the-art detection performance (surpassing advanced training-free baseline methods).
- comparable or lower computational costs (comparing to DetectGPT, DNA-GPT, and Fast-DetectGPT).
- superior robustness (including cross-domain, cross-model, cross-lingual tasks, and paraphrasing attacks).