MiniPLM: Knowledge Distillation for Pre-Training Language Models

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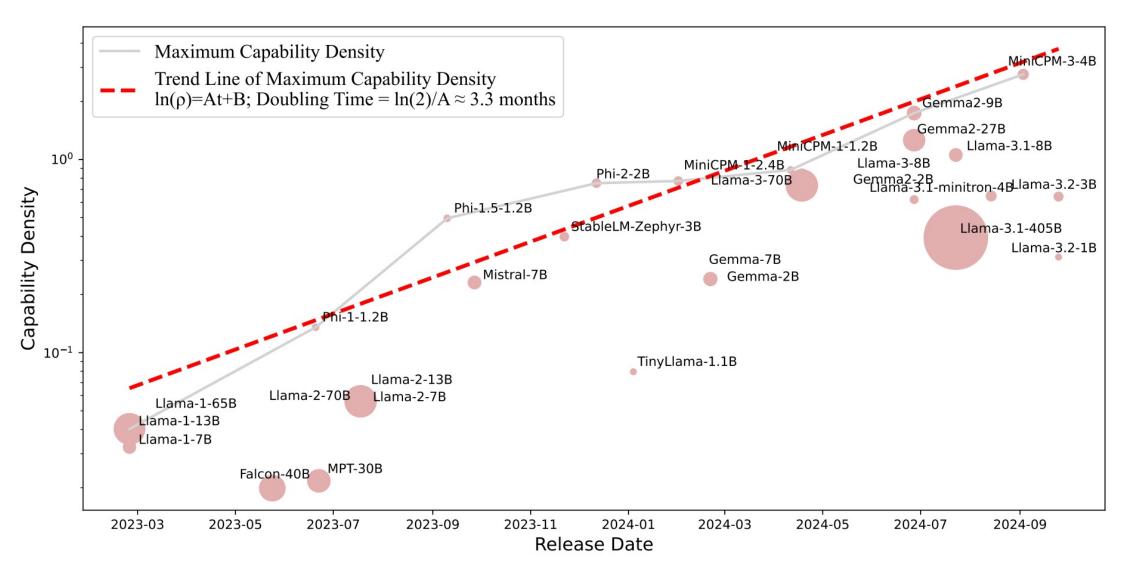
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The Trend of Building "Small" Models



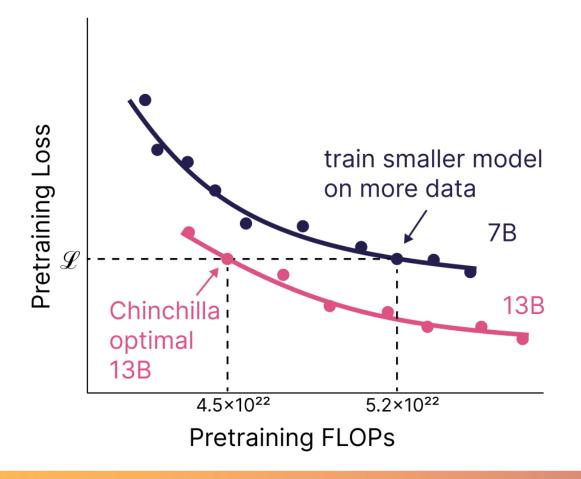


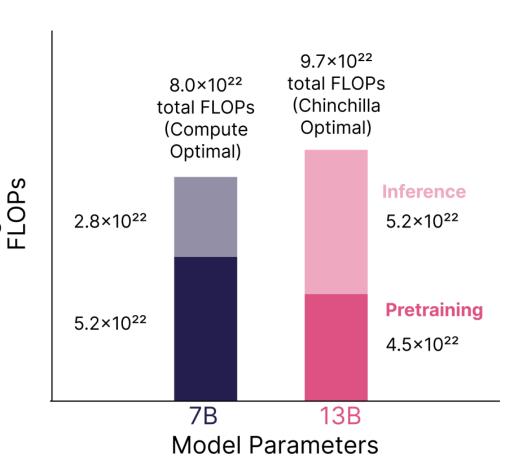
Inference Cost Matters for LM Scaling



 When considering inference costs, small models are more close to compute-optimal

Pretraining + Inference





Knowledge Distillation for Small LMs

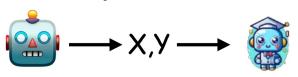


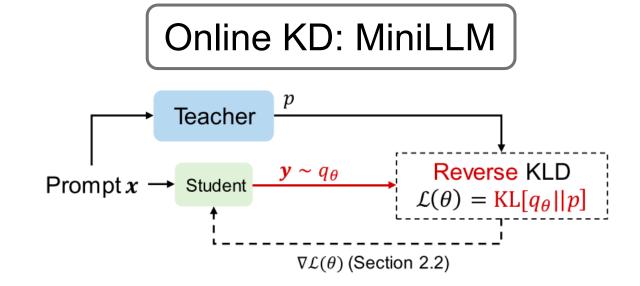
Online KD: Vanilla KD

$$L_{\text{logits}} = \frac{1}{l} \sum_{i=1}^{l} \text{Loss}(p_t^k(x, \tau), p_s^k(x, \tau))$$

Offline KD: Sequence KD

Synthesize





Knowledge Distillation for Small LMs

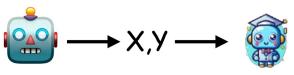


Online KD: Vanilla KD

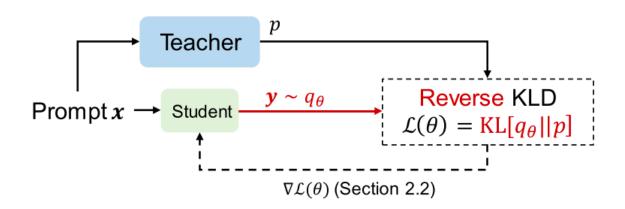
$$L_{\text{logits}} = \frac{1}{l} \sum_{k=1}^{l} \text{Loss}(p_t^k(x, \tau), p_s^k(x, \tau))$$

Offline KD: Sequence KD





Online KD: MiniLLM

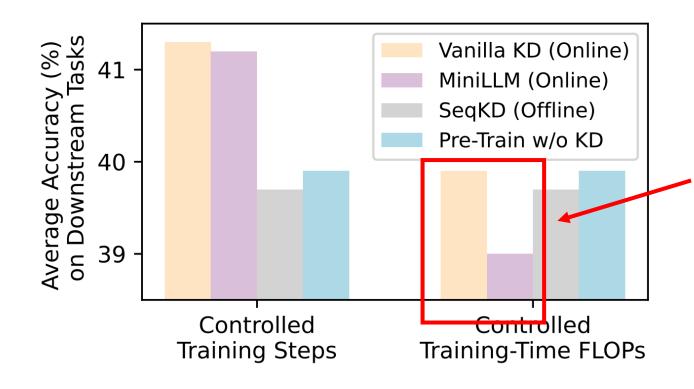


Mostly During SFT How to do KD for pre-training?

Adapting KD to Pre-Training is Non-Trivial



- Efficiency Issue: KD introduce additional training-time cost
 - Involving the inference of teacher LM during pre-training

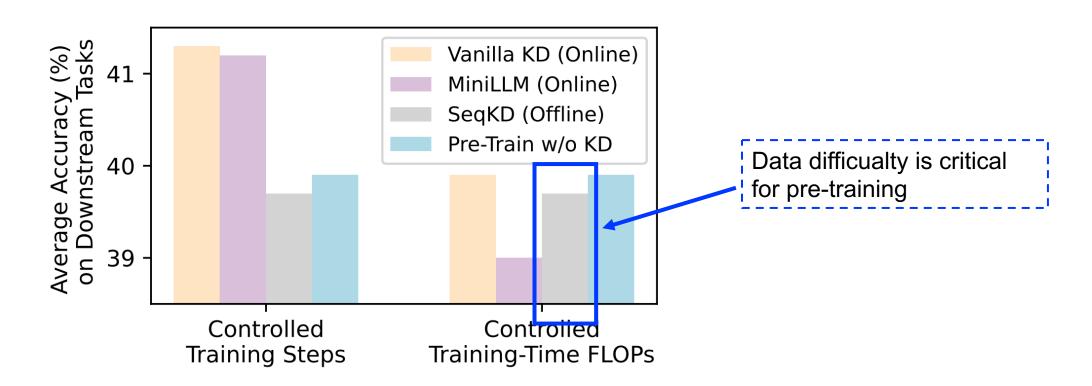


Conventional KD does not show improvement when aligning the training-time computation

Adapting KD to Pre-Training in Non-Trival



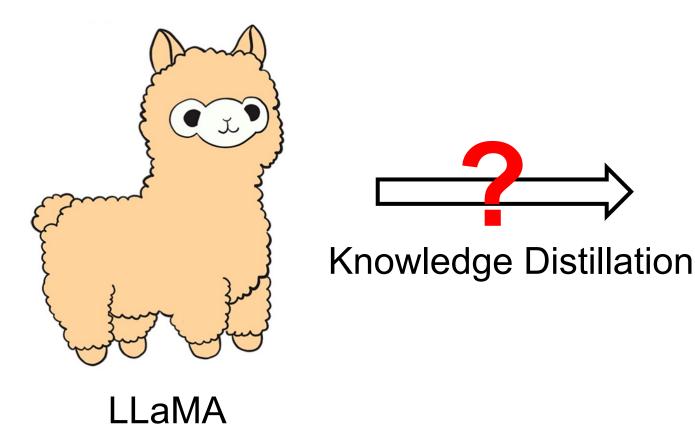
- Effectiveness Issue: Teacher-generated samples loses difficualty
 - Model generation may "collapse"



Adapting KD to Pre-Training in Non-Trival



- Flexibility Issue: Cannot KD across model families
 - Tokenization needs to be aligned



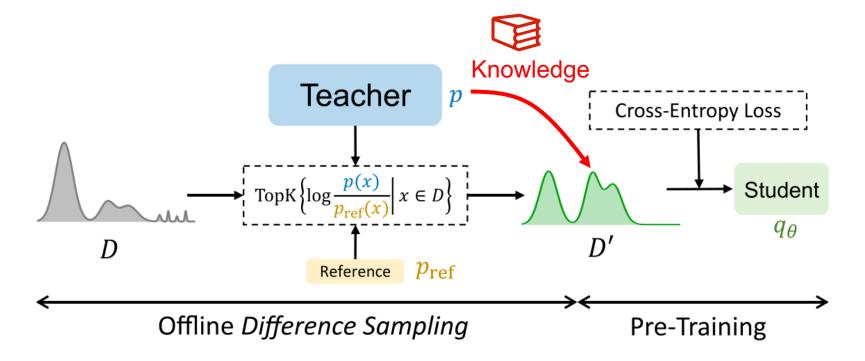


Mamba

MiniPLM Framework



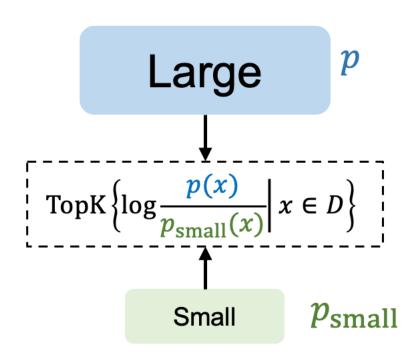
- Conducting KD offline with Difference Sampling
 - Difference Sampling: Using the teacher's knowledge to select training data
 - Pre-Training: Pre-training student on the refined data



Difference Sampling: KD via Data Curation



Distill the knowledge from teacher to student via training data



Select samples that

- 1. The large model learns well
- 2. The small model has not learned yet

MiniPLM Framework

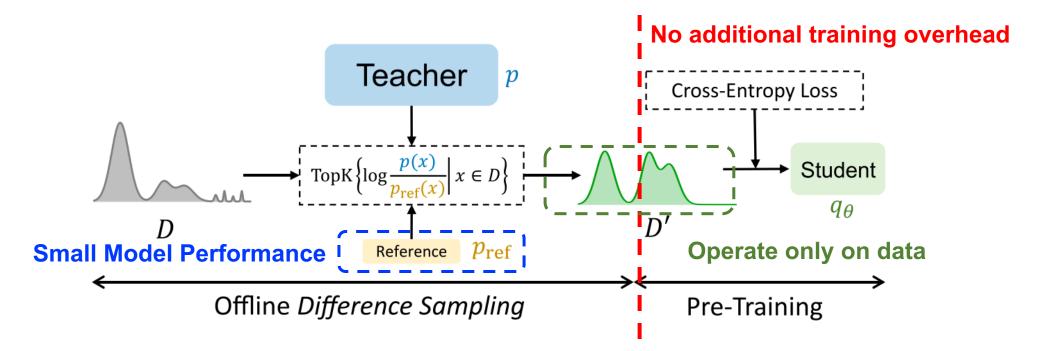


- Conducting KD offline with Difference Sampling
 - ◆ Inference of the teacher LM once before the student LM training
 - Ensuring the data difficulty by involving small model performance
 - Operating solely on data. No tokenization alignment needed.

Efficiency

Effectiveness

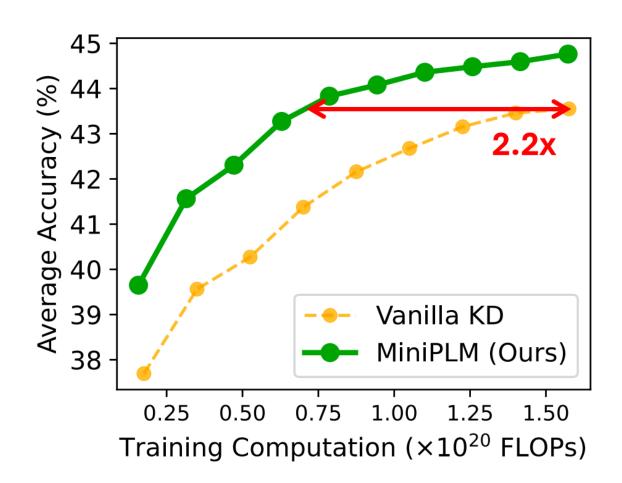
Flexibility



Efficiency



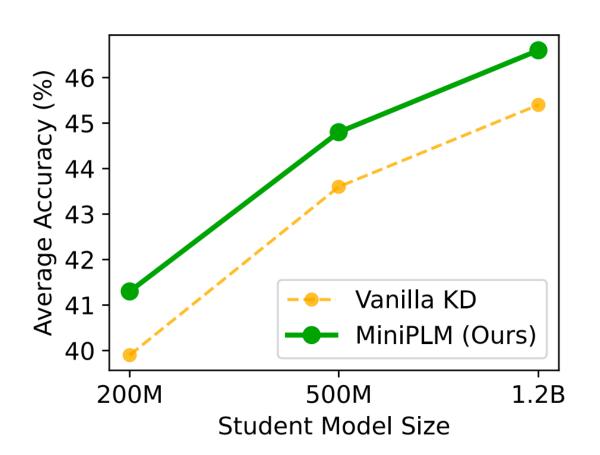
2.2x computation saving for pre-training LMs from scratch



Effectiveness



Constant improvement across model scales



$N_{ m stu}$	Method	$\mid L_{1 ext{T}}$	$L_{10\mathrm{T}}$
200M	Pre-Train w/o KD	3.35	3.32
	Vanilla KD	3.39	3.35
	MINIPLM	3.28	3.26
500M	Pre-Train w/o KD	3.12	3.08
	Vanilla KD	3.12	3.07
	MINIPLM	3.06	3.04
1.2B	Pre-Train w/o KD	2.98	2.94
	Vanilla KD	2.95	2.91
	MINIPLM	2.92	2.88

Flexibility



KD Across Model Families

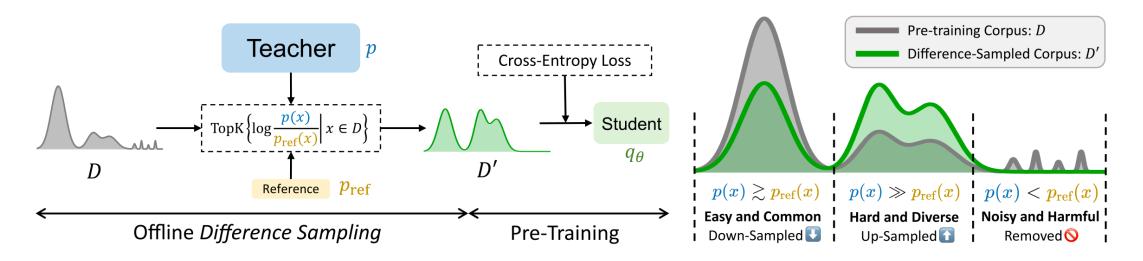
Qwen — Llama/Mamba

	Llama3.1		Mamba	
	Acc.	Loss	Acc.	Loss
Pre-Train w/o KD SeqKD	41.0 40.8	3.52 3.54	41.6	3.24 3.27
MINIPLM	41.8	3.43	42.6	3.15

Summary



- MiniPLM: A new Paradigm for KD in Pre-Training
 - KD by refining pre-training corpus



✓ Efficiency

✓ Effectiveness

✓ Flexibility

Thanks!

