

Paper & Code

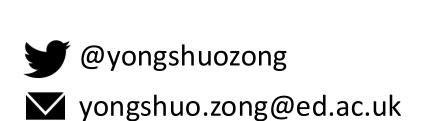
VL-ICL Bench: The Devil in the Details of Multimodal In-Context Learning

University of Edinburgh

THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH

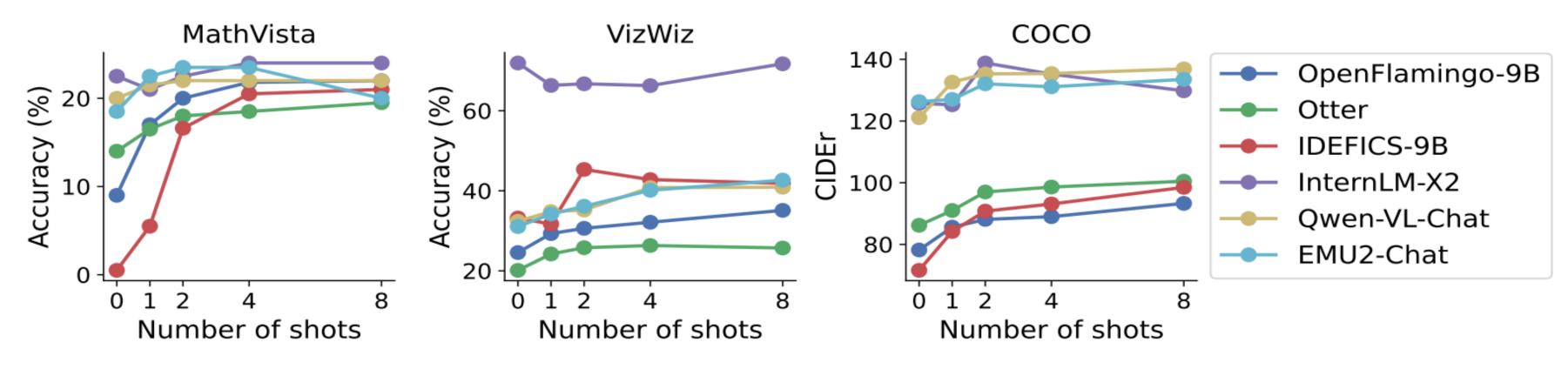
Yongshuo Zong*, Ondrej Bohdal*, and Timothy Hospedales

* Co-first authors

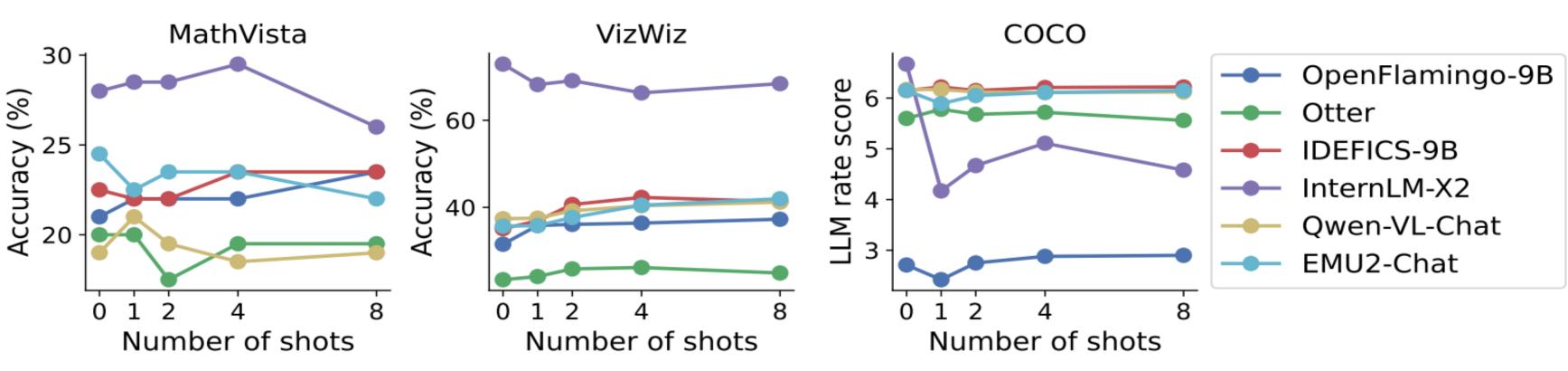


VQA and Captioning are Poor Benchmarks for Multimodal ICL

22 ICL on these benchmarks primarily learns answer <u>style/format</u>



(a) Exact match evaluation.



VL-ICL is a Better ICL Benchmark for Multimodal Input and Output

Color: Green

GOOD VIBES ONLY

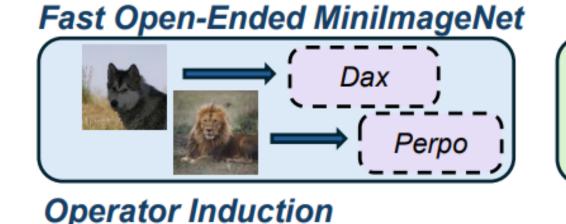
Bird I

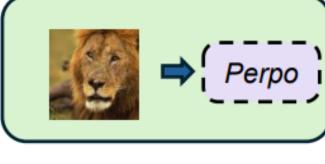
Fast Matching MiniImageNet

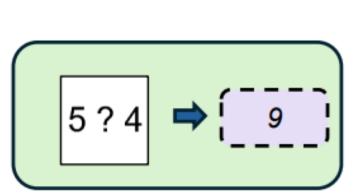
GOOD

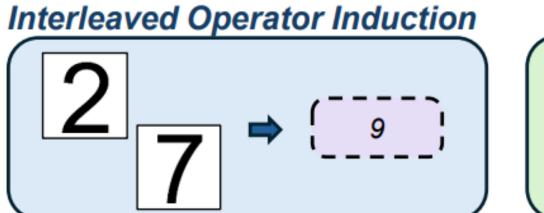
TextOCR

UL-ICL is hard or impossible to solve in zero-shot

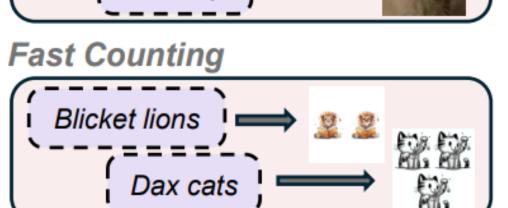


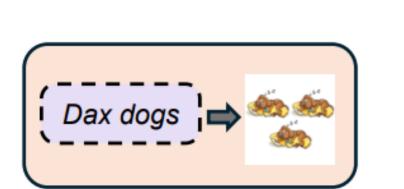




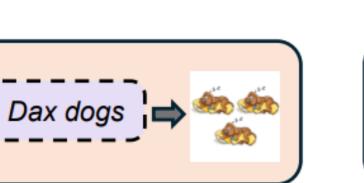


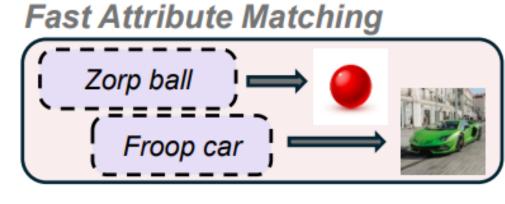


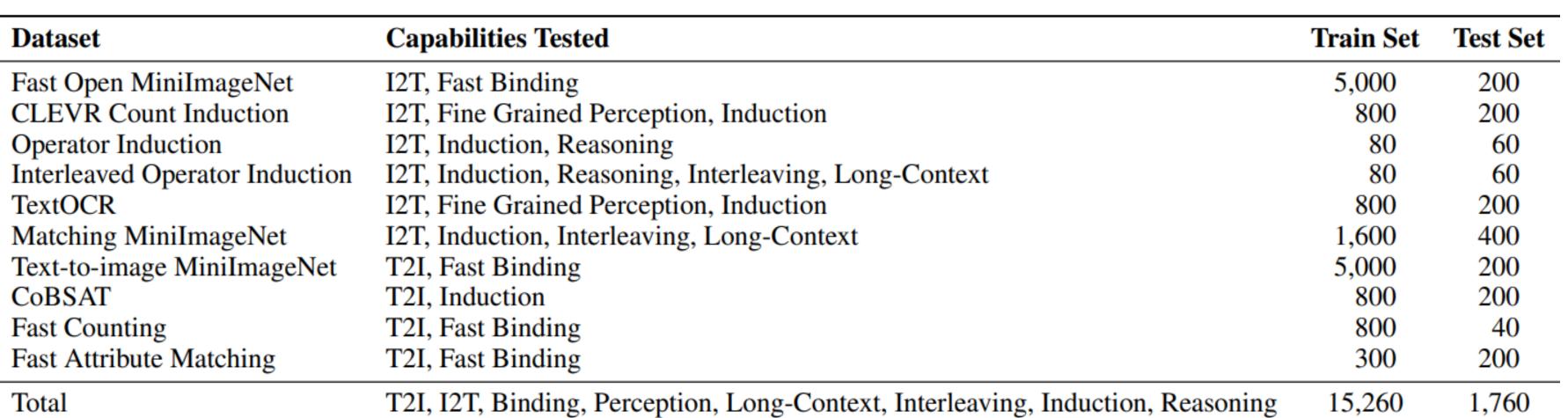




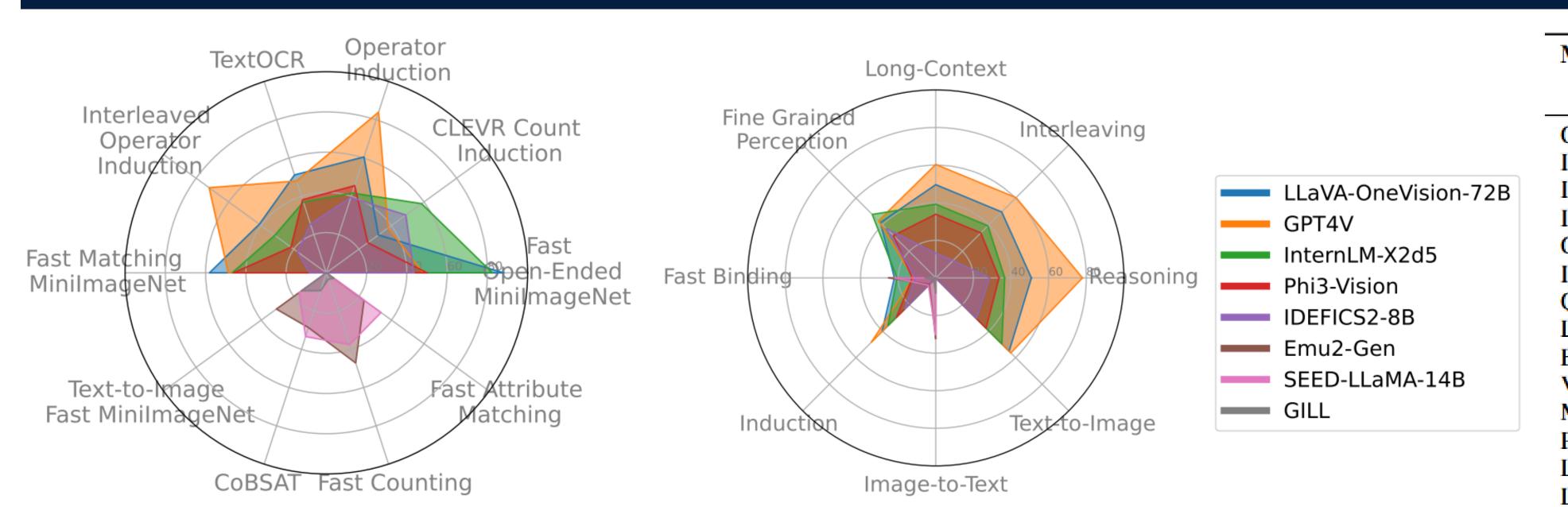
Slation ! =>

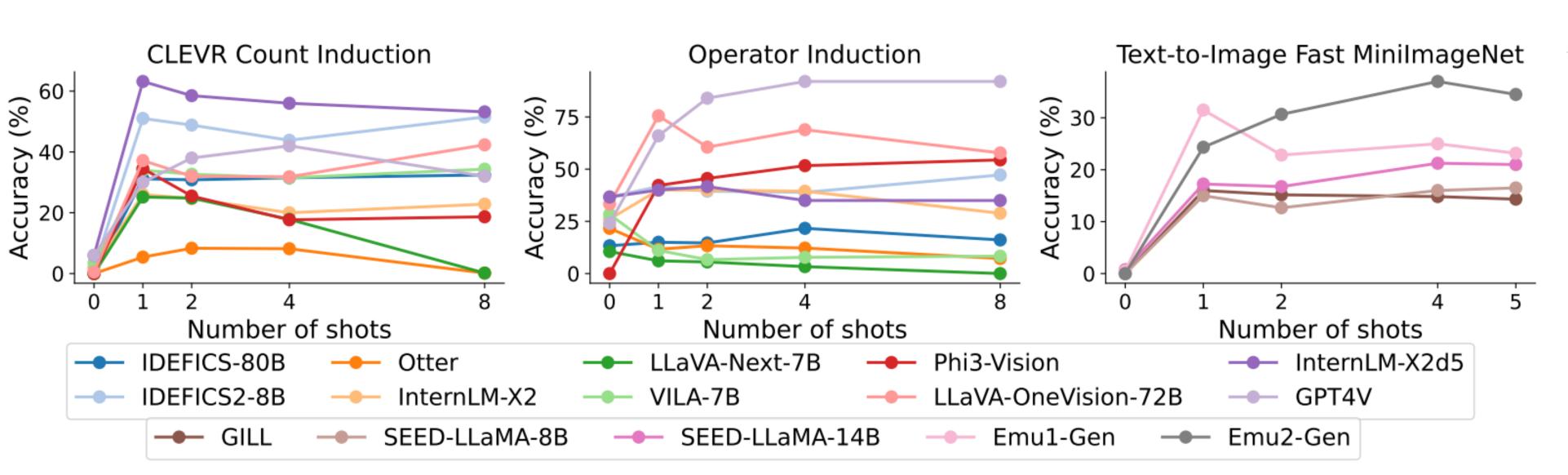






Main Results





Model	A	Avg. Rank				
	Z.s.	Pk.	Eff.			
OpenFlamingo-9B	9.3	13.3	8.7			
IDEFICS-9B	7.7	10.8	8.7			
IDEFICS-80B	7.0	7.8	5.8			
IDEFICS2-8B	3.0	5.5	8.5			
Otter	8.0	14.5	13.0			
InternLM-X2	5.5	9.3	10.0			
Qwen-VL-Chat	7.7	10.8	8.3			
LLaVA-Next-7B	7.3	13.7	13.2			
Emu2-Chat	4.0	10.2	11.0			
VILA-7B	3.7	8.0	10.8			
Mantis-Idefics2	4.5	6.7	9.7			
Phi3-Vision	9.2	6.3	5.3			
LongVA-7B	6.3	10.5	9.3			
LLaVA-OneVision-72B	2.5	1.7	3.8			
InternLM-X2d5	1.5	3.7	5.8			
GPT4V	2.8	2.3	3.8			

Model	Avg. Rank						
	Z.s.	Pk.	Eff.				
GILL	3.5	4.8	4.8				
SEED-LLaMA-8B	3.5	2.5	2.2				
SEED-LLaMA-14B	2.0	2.0	2.5				
Emu1-Gen	3.5	3.8	2.8				
Emu2-Gen	1.5	2.0	2.8				

Findings

STOP | STOP |

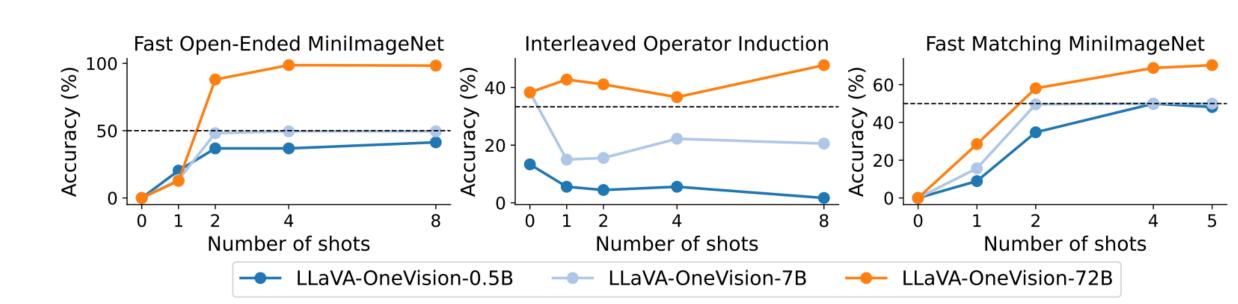
Lion

Zorp box

- **★ VLLMs demonstrate non-trivial ICL on VL-ICL Bench tasks.**
- **★ VLLMs often struggle to make use of a larger number of ICL examples.**
- ★ LLaVA-OV-72B/GPT4V is the best overall I2T model.
- **★** No clear winner among text-to-image models.
- **★** Zero-shot performance ≠ ICL ability.

Further Analysis

1. Emergent threshold of multimodal ICL



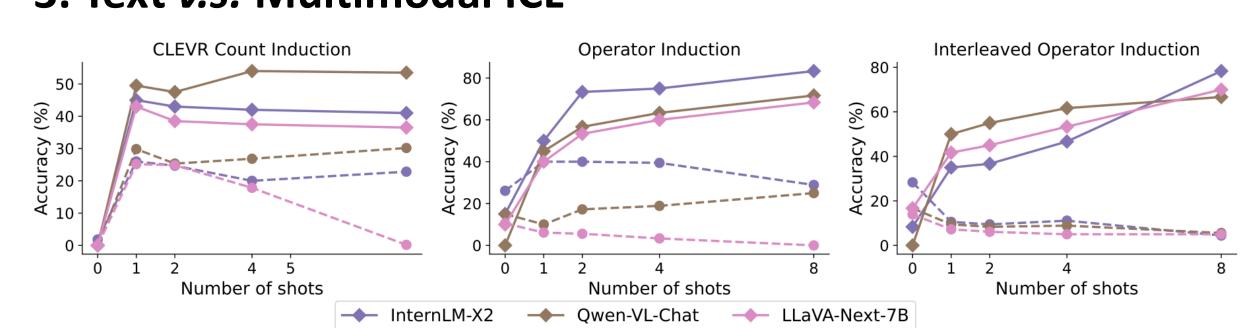
Comparison of different model sizes (dashed line indicates random chance). 72B model understands the tasks, while the smaller models fail, highlighting the impact of model size on ICL and the <u>presence of an emergent threshold</u>.

2. Disentangling context length and in-context learning

Dataset	Fast Open-Ended MiniImageNet		CLEVR Count Induction		Operator Induction			TextOCR				
	Z.s.	Pk.	Eff.	Z.s.	Pk.	Eff.	Z.s.	Pk.	Eff.	Z.s.	Pk.	Eff.
LLaVA-Next-7B (w/o SelfExtend) LLaVA-Next-7B (w/ SelfExtend)	0.0	37.2 51.0	29.4 38.9	0.0	25.2 29.0	19.3 25.4	10.6 11.7	10.6 11.7	-6.8 - 5.8	24.7 26.0	24.7 26.0	-23.0 -23.7
VILA-7B (w/o SelfExtend) VILA-7B (w/ SelfExtend)	0.0	38.2 54.0	32.3 40.0	3.5 4.0	34.3 34.8	27.5 27.5	28.3 28.3	28.3 28.3	-18.9 -20.3	28.0 28.0	30.2 29.7	-3.7 -4.5

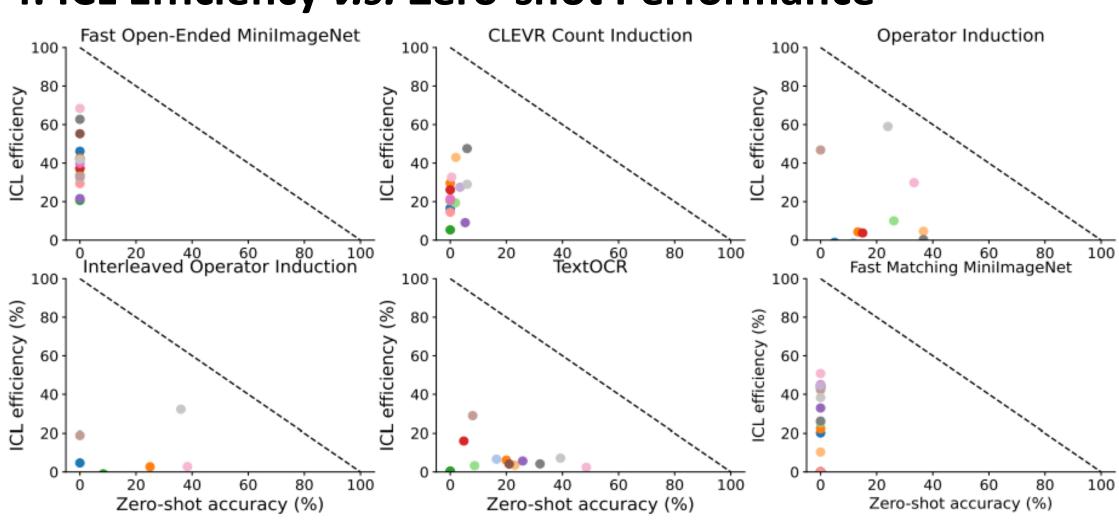
Comparison of models with and without context extension strategy (SelfExtend). While it is helpful in some cases, context extension does **not** necessarily improve the performance of ICL.

3. Text v.s. Multimodal ICL



Comparison of multimodal (dashed line) and text (solid line) ICL: Text shows sharper, steadier gains, underscoring multimodal ICL's difficulty.

4. ICL Efficiency v.s. Zero-shot Performance



Zero-shot performance + ICL efficiency = 100%