#### **SEBRA:**

## Debiasing through Self-Guided Bias Ranking





Adarsh Kappiyath



Abhra Chaudhuri



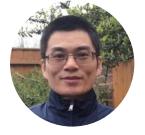
Ajay Kumar Jaiswal



Ziquan Liu



Yunpeng Li



Xiatian Zhu



Lu Yin<sup>1</sup>









#### Preliminaries

Empirical Risk Minimization (ERM) with CE Loss exhibit tendency to learn different attributes asynchronously during training.

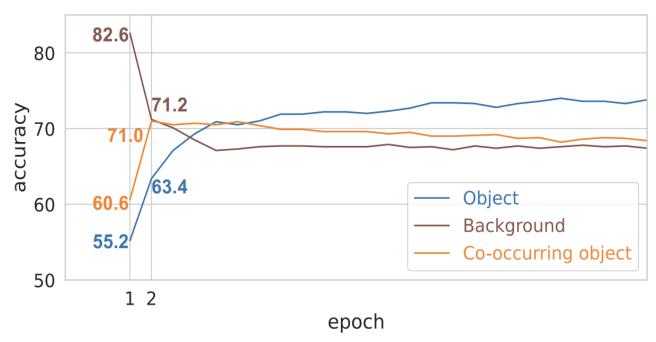


Fig 4. Training Dynamics of Resnet50 with CE Loss on UrbanCars dataset.

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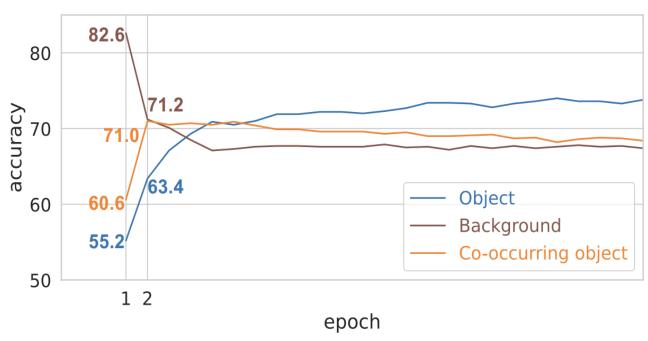


Fig 4. Training Dynamics of Resnet50 with CE Loss on UrbanCars dataset.

Idea: Modulate ERM dynamics to <u>rank/order</u> samples according to <u>spuriosity</u>. Mitigate biases based on ranking.

#### **Prior Works**

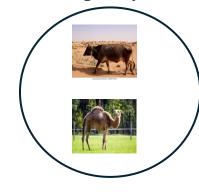
Spurious Correlation Identification



Mitigating Impact of Spurious Correlations

- Identification of Spurious Correlations.
  - o GCE Loss, Training with limited capacity models etc.





- Spuriosity of samples within a cluster
- Relative spuriosity across clusters



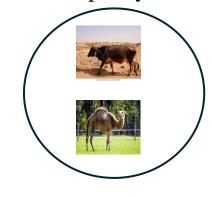


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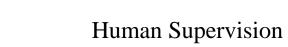










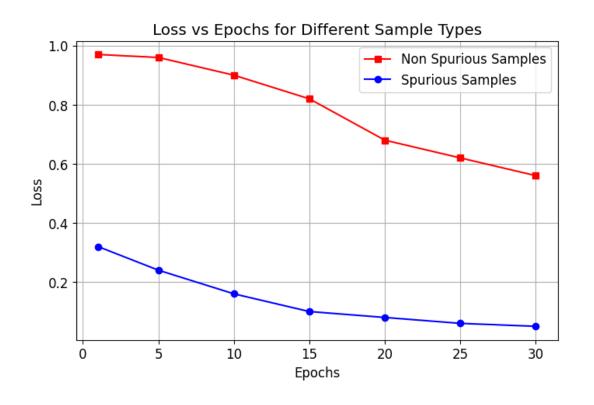


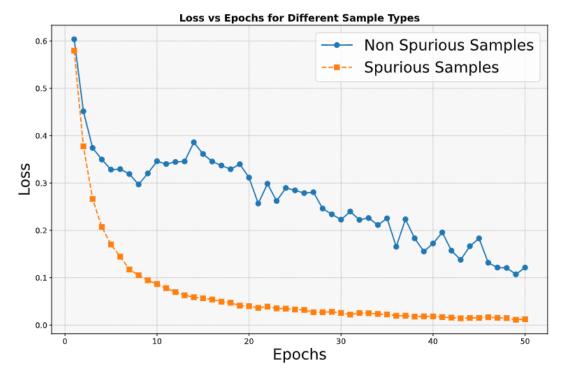




#### Assumption: Hardness Spuriosity Symmetry

The hardness of learning a sample, and its corresponding spuriosity measure, are symmetric to each other – the harder it is to learn a sample, the lower its spuriosity measure, and vice versa.





### Deviation of ERM in the Multi-Bias Setting

Global trends of ERM deviate due to:

- Reliance on spurious features
- Non-uniform gradient updates.

### Steering ERM in the Multi-Bias Setting

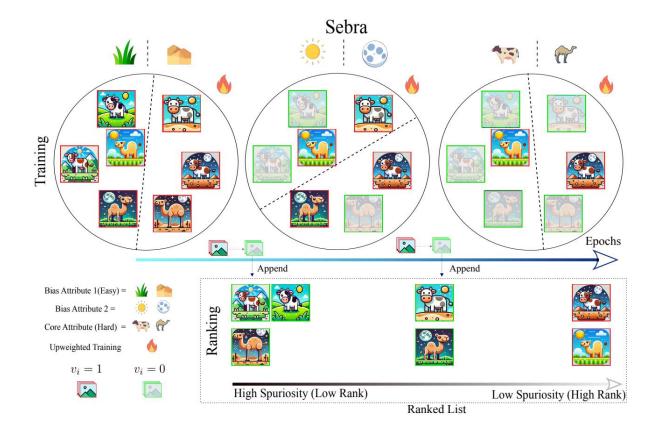
Correcting deviation requires explicit steering towards to maintain the Hardness-Spuriosity Symmetry.



One bias at a time

### Steering ERM in the Multi-Bias Setting

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• Spuriosity-Based Sequential Learning

One bias at a time

### Sequential Learning Based on Levels of Spuriosity

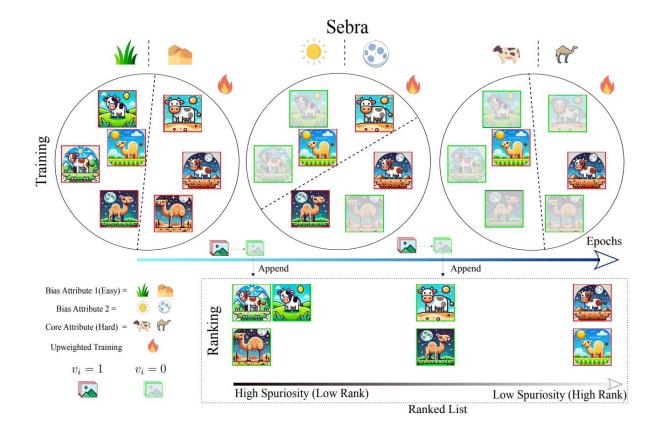
Selection variable ensures isolation among subgroups.



$$\max_{v} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{v_i^t} \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) - \underline{\lambda v_i^t} \right\}$$

#### Sequential Learning Based on Levels of Spuriosity

Reweight CE-Loss by some measure of spuriosity. Vulnerable to shortcut  $u_i = 0$ , for all  $u_i$ s.

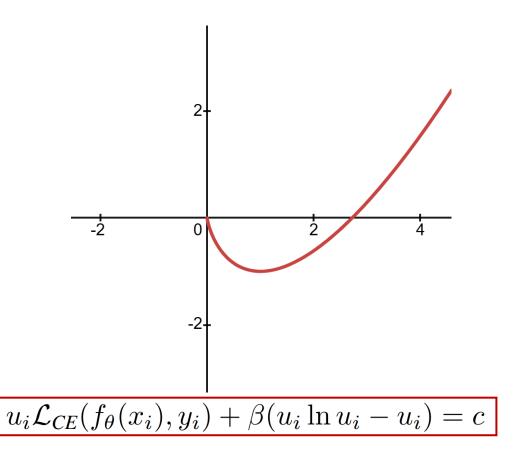


$$\min_{\theta} \min_{u} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{u_i} \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) \right\}$$

$$\max_{v} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ v_i^t \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) - \lambda v_i^t \right\}$$

### Hardness-Spuriosity Conservation Law

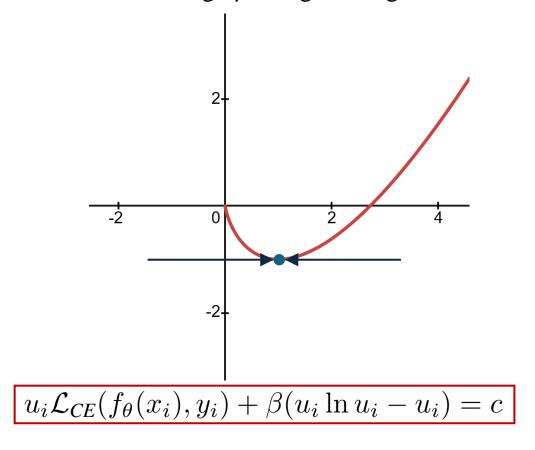
**Remedy for collapse:**  $u_i$ s must belong to a specific manifold satisfying a certain conservation law.



$$\min_{ heta} \min_{u} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{u_i} \mathcal{L}_{ ext{CE}}(f_{ heta}(x_i), y_i) 
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#### Hardness-Spuriosity Conservation Law

**Remedy for collapse:**  $u_i$ s must belong to a specific manifold satisfying a certain conservation law. Ensure adherence to manifold through  $\beta$ -weighted regularization.

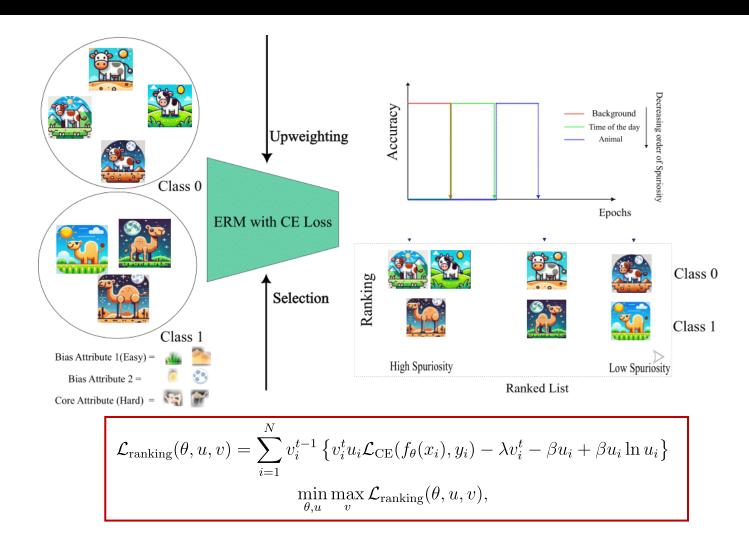


$$\min_{\theta} \min_{u} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{u_i} \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) \right\}$$

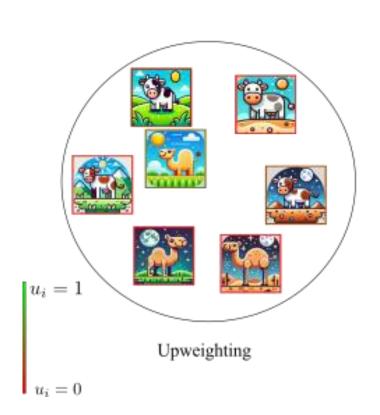
$$g(u_i) = (u_i \ln u_i - u_i)$$

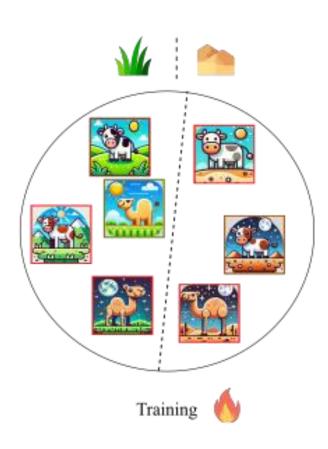
$$\min_{\theta, u} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{u_i} \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) + \beta g(\underline{u_i}) \right\}$$

### Sebra : Self-Guided Bias Ranking



### Sebra: Upweighted Training

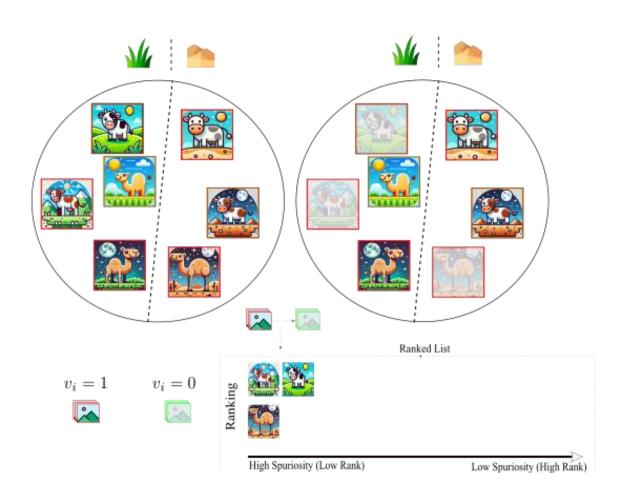




$$\min_{\theta, u} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{u_i} \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) + \beta g(\underline{u_i}) \right\}$$

$$u_i^* = p_y^{\frac{1}{\beta}}$$

#### Sebra: Selection & Ranking



$$\max_{v} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \underline{v_i^t \mathcal{L}_{CE}(f_{\theta}(x_i), y_i) - \underline{\lambda v_i^t}} \right\}$$

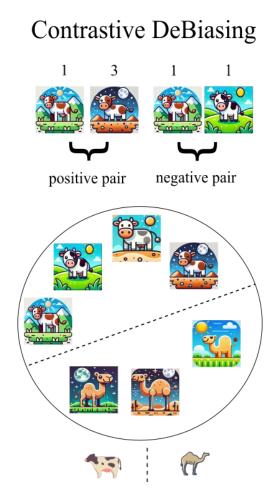
$$v_i^{t*} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } p_y > p_{critical}, \\ 1, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

#### Sebra: Debiasing



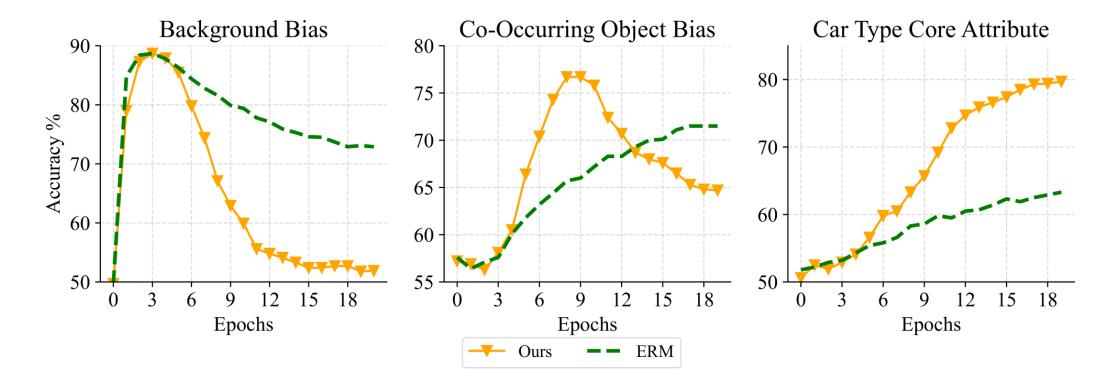
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{con}}^{\text{sup}}(x; f_{\text{enc}}) = \mathbb{E}\left[-\log\frac{\exp(z^{\top}z_m^+/\tau)}{\sum_{m=1}^{M}\exp(z^{\top}z_m^+/\tau) + \sum_{n=1}^{N}\exp(z^{\top}z_n^-/\tau)}\right],$$

where  $\tau$  is the temperature coefficent,  $z_m^+$ ,  $z_n^-$  and  $z^\top$  are the embeddings of positive, negative, and reference samples respectively.



#### Modulation of ERM Dynamics

Sebra successfully mitigates the Whac-a-Mole Dilemma.



### Sebra: Ranking Results

Diving

Top Ranked

Bottom Ranked



Pole Vaulting

Top Ranked

Bottom Ranked



Table 1: Quantitative comparison of Sebra with various baselines. The results are shown in terms of Kendall's  $\tau$  for Urban Cars and CelebA, and Performance Disparity (PD) for BAR.

Method	Urban Cars	CelebA	BAR	
Metric	Kendall's $\tau$ ( $\uparrow$ )	Kendall's $\tau$ ( $\uparrow$ )	$PD$ ( $\uparrow$ )	
Random Ordering	0.02	-0.01	0.25	
<b>ERM-based Ranking</b>	0.12	0.14	4.55	
Spuriosity Ranking	0.40	0.38	28.88	
Sebra (Ours)	0.85	0.69	32.32	

# Sebra: Debiasing Results

Methods	Sup.	UrbanCars			CelebA			BAR
		<b>I.D.</b> Acc. (↑)	WG Acc. (↑)	Avg GAP (†)	<b>I.D. Acc.</b> (↑)	WG Acc. (↑)	Avg GAP (†)	<b>Test Acc.</b> (↑)
Group DRO	<b>✓</b>	91.60 (1.23)	75.70 (1.79)	-10.30 (1.35)	90.08 (0.70)	37.9 (1.6)	-5.79 (1.63)	-
ERM	X	97.60 (0.86)	33.20 (0.86)	-31.90 (3.92)	96.43 (0.13)	36.0 (1.7)	-22.83 (0.84)	68.00 (0.43)
LfF	X	97.20 (2.40)	35.60 (2.40)	-31.06 (3.56)	95.12 (0.35)	35.5 (2.0)	-22.57 (1.26)	68.30 (0.97)
JTT	X	95.80 (1.45)	33.30 (6.90)	-20.50 (2.61)	91.86 (1.48)	38.7 (2.4)	-26.81 (2.53)	68.14 (0.28)
Debian	X	98.00 (0.89)	30.10 (0.89)	-31.40 (1.44)	96.28 (0.37)	41.1 (4.3)	-22.56 (0.54)	69.88 (2.92)
DFR	X	89.70 (1.21)	-	-20.93 (2.61)	60.12 (1.28)	-	-19.16 (3.27)	69.22 (1.25)
Sebra (Ours)	X	92.54 (2.10)	73.8 (3.28)	-10.57 (1.72)	88.61 (3.36)	65.3 (4.1)	-9.82 (3.06)	75.36 (2.23)

Method	Sup.	ImageNet-1K				MultiNLI	
		<b>I.D.</b> Acc. (↑)	IN-W Gap (↑)	<b>IN-9 Gap</b> (↑)	IN-R Gap (†)	Carton Gap (†)	WG. Acc (↑)
LLE	<b>√</b>	76.25	-6.18	-3.82	-54.89	+10	-
ERM	X	76.13	-26.64	-5.53	-55.96	+40	66.8
LfF	X	70.26	-17.57	-8.10	-56.54	+40	63.6
JTT	X	75.64	-15.74	-6.75	-55.70	+32	69.1
Debian	X	74.05	-20.00	-7.29	-56.70	+30	-
Sebra (Ours)	X	74.89	-14.77	-3.15	-54.81	+25	<b>72.3</b>

### Thank You



https://kadarsh22.github.io/sebra\_iclr25/