





Comparing Targeting Strategies for Maximizing Social Welfare with Limited Resources

Vibhhu Sharma, Bryan Wilder Carnegie Mellon University

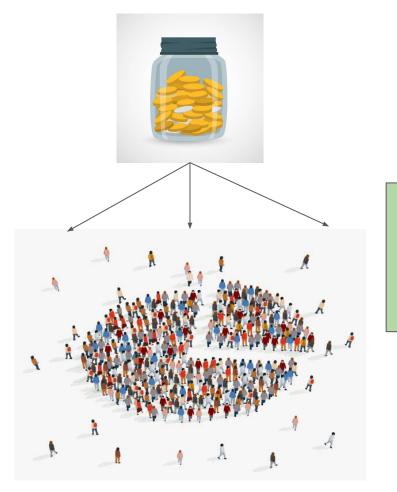


Limited Resource/ Fixed Treatment Budget

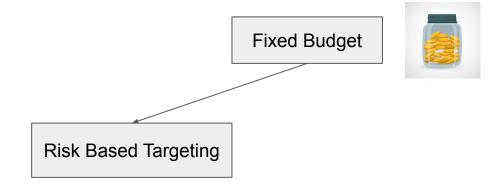


Population to allocate the resource to

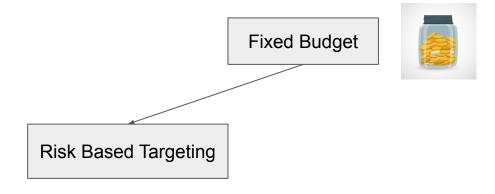




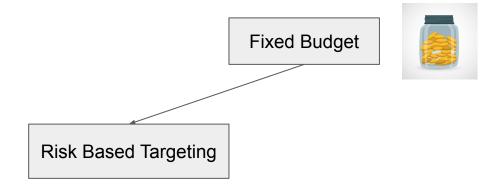
How do you determine who should receive the treatment?



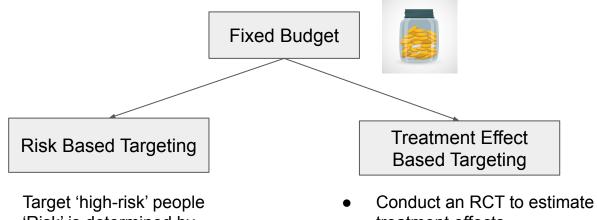
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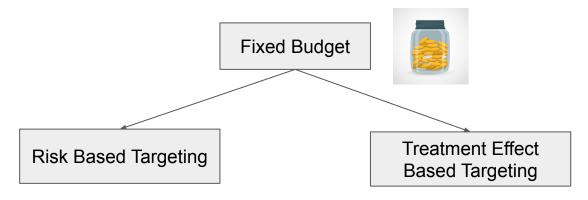


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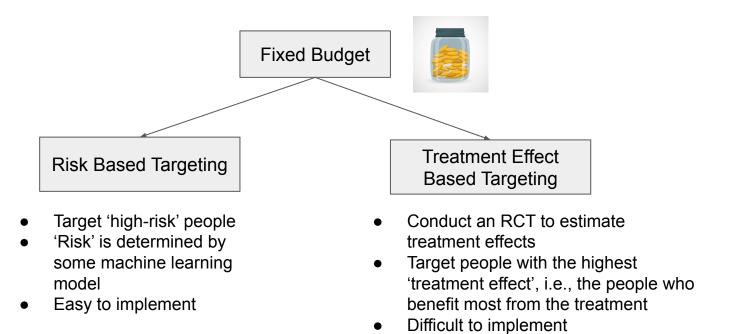
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treatment effects



- Target 'high-risk' people
- 'Risk' is determined by some machine learning model
- Easy to implement

- Conduct an RCT to estimate treatment effects
- Target people with the highest 'treatment effect', i.e., the people who benefit most from the treatment



What if I can't conduct an RCT?

Conducting an RCT

- -takes time,
- -can be unethical!

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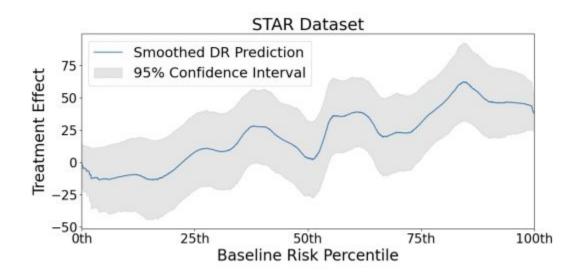
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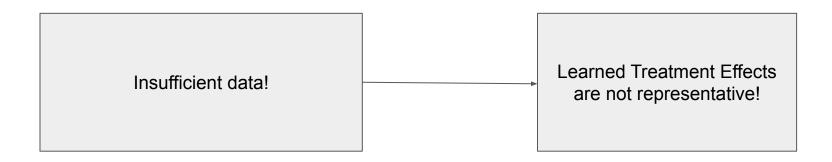
In this study, we introduce varying levels of confounding into 5 real world RCTs(to simulate observational data), and compare risk based targeting to **biased** treatment effect based targeting under different policymaker welfare functions.

Treatment Effect Heterogeneity



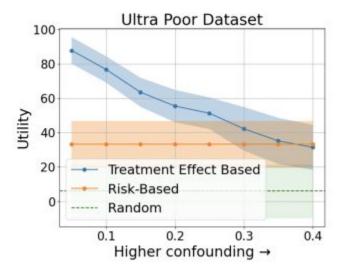
Key Findings

 Real-world RCTs can contain insufficient data to learn reliable mappings from features to treatment effects, making it difficult to accurately predict who will benefit most from treatment.



Key Findings

2) If one is able to estimate treatment effects accurately at zero confounding, targeting based on biased treatment effect estimates from confounded data still outperforms risk-based targeting even at high levels of confounding!



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