



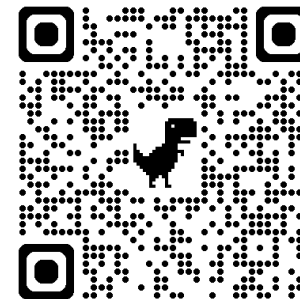
# ICLR

## Beyond Aggregation: Guiding Clients in Heterogeneous Federated Learning

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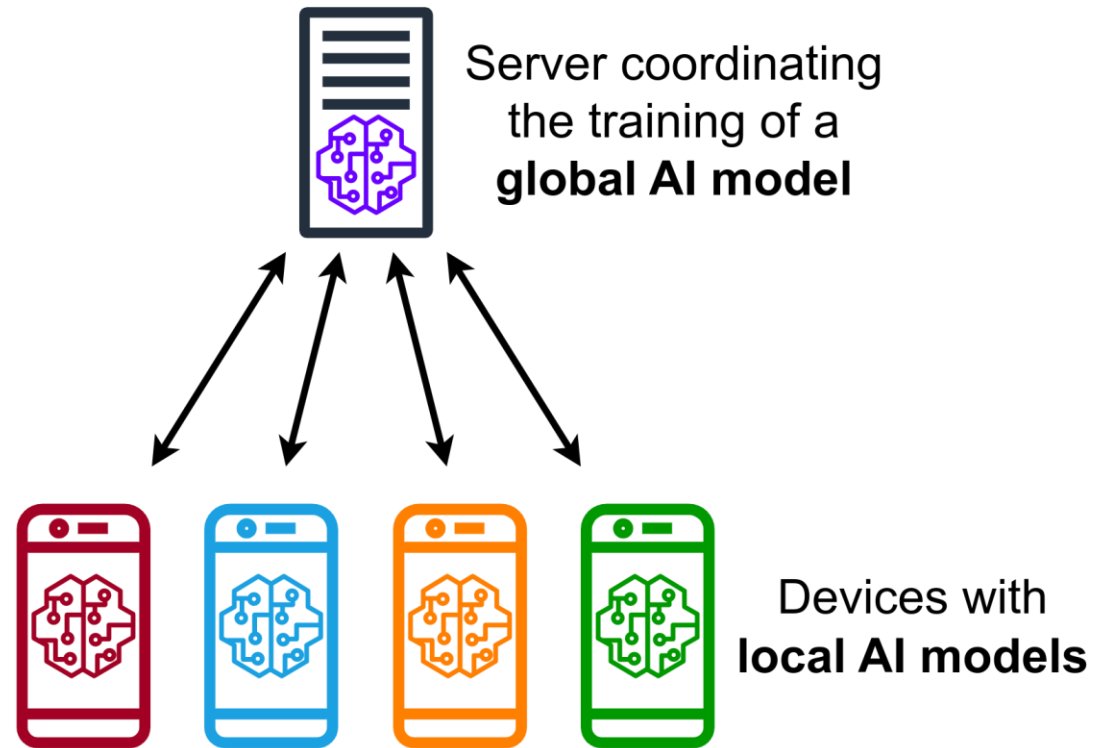
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# Background

Federated learning (FL) trains models across distributed clients without sharing raw data.



# Challenges

In traditional FL, **statistical heterogeneity** is often treated as an obstacle.

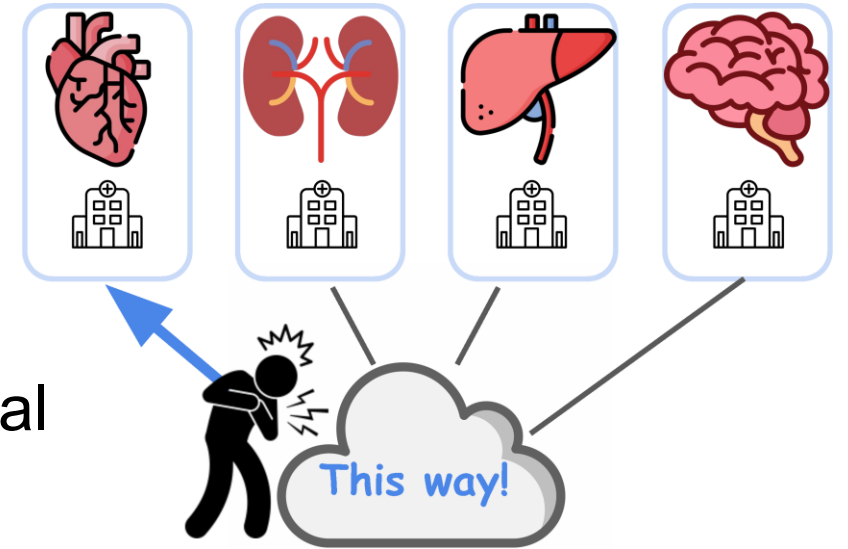
Paradigm	Existing Work	Local Adaptation	System Coordination
Globalization	FedAvg, FedProx, ...	👎 Weak	👍 Strong
Personalization	FedRep, Ditto, ...	👍 Strong	👎 Weak

🤔 Can we achieve the best of both worlds?

# Motivations

When a new patient arrives:

- ✗ Aggregate opinions from all hospitals
- ✓ Route the patient to the most suitable hospital



- 💡 **Client routing** enables system-level intelligence.
- 💡 Statistical heterogeneity can be leveraged as a **feature**, not just a bug.

# Problem Formulation

- Client Routing → Feature Distribution Identification

$$c(x) := \arg \max_i P_X^{(i)}(x)$$

- Sample Classification → Predictive Distribution Estimation

$$\hat{y}_i(x) := \arg \max_k \mathbb{P}^{(i)}(Y = k | X = x)$$

# Density Ratio Modeling

- Model client predictive distributions via **personalized heads** atop a **shared backbone**.

$$\mathbb{P}^{(i)}(Y = k | X = x) = \frac{\exp(\alpha_{ik} + \beta_{ik}^\top g_\theta(x))}{\sum_{k'} \exp(\alpha_{ik'} + \beta_{ik'}^\top g_\theta(x))}$$

- Model client feature distributions as exponential tilts of a **shared base**.

$$\frac{dP_X^{(i)}}{dP_X^{(0)}}(x) = \exp(\gamma_i + \xi_i^\top h_\tau(g_\theta(x)))$$

# Empirical Likelihood Inference

! Parametric base assumptions (e.g., Gaussian/Gamma) may be misspecified.

✓ Approximate the shared base with an **empirical distribution**.

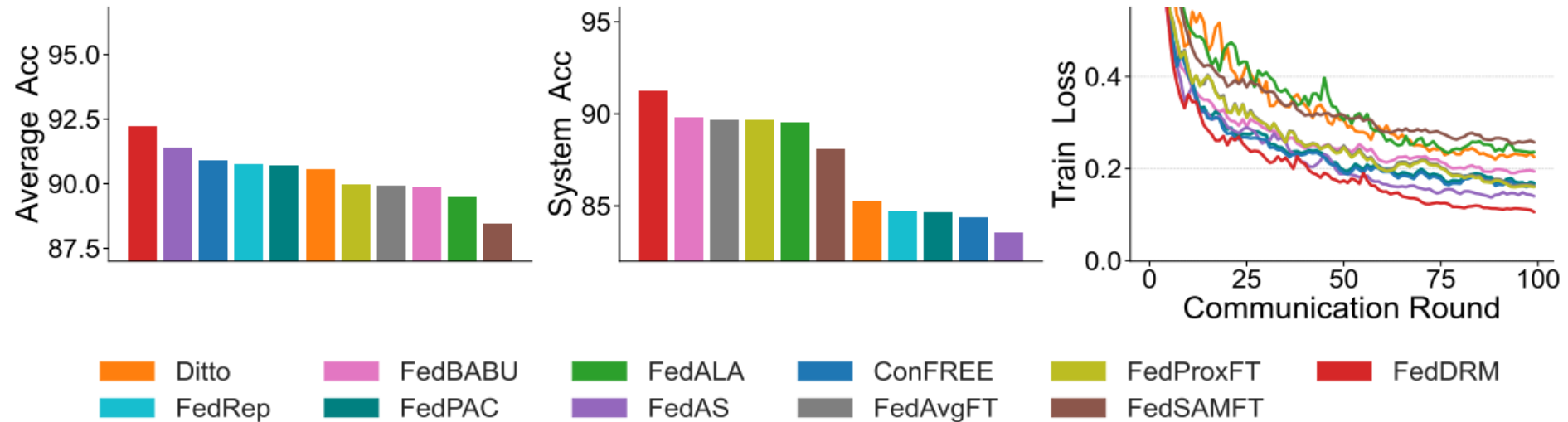
$$\frac{dP_X^{(i)}}{dP_X^{(0)}}(x) = \exp(\gamma_i + \xi_i^\top h_\tau(g_\theta(x)))$$

Maximize empirical likelihood to yield a unified objective of **two cross-entropy losses**.

$$\ell(\zeta) = -p\ell_N(\zeta) = \sum_{i,j} \ell_{\text{CE}}(i, h_\tau(g_\theta(x_{ij})); \gamma, \xi) + \sum_{i,j} \ell_{\text{CE}}(y_{ij}, g_\theta(x_{ij}); \alpha, \beta)$$

# Experiments

New Evaluation Metric: **System Accuracy** (Server Routing → Local Prediction)



- FedDRM achieves **high system accuracy** while maintaining **superior standard average accuracy**.
- FedDRM excels on the real-world medical dataset RETINA, highlighting its **potential for clinical deployment**.

# Conclusion

- Introduce **a new FL paradigm** for system-level intelligence via client routing.
- Develop **a statistically grounded FedDRM framework** based on density ratio models and empirical likelihood.
- Provide **a practical path** toward adaptive, expertise-aware, and resource-efficient real-world FL systems.